

IMPORTANT DECISION RENDERED

Vast Amount of Submerged Land in Lake County is Affected

FORMER DECISION REVERSED

Test Case for Trespass Ends in Victory for the Plaintiffs who are Highly Elated Over the Outcome

A victory for the owners of property abutting on the 50 small lakes in Lake county who have been contending for title to the submerged lands within their property lines was reported won in the Supreme Court Saturday.

The state tribunal reversed a decision of the circuit court which sustained a demurrer to the action intended to prove title, but telegraphic dispatches did not state whether in remanding the case to Lake county it indicated its position on the issue raised.

The case was that of William Wilton vs. Rudolph Van Hassen and was made a test case by Wilton, Frank T. Fowler and other owners of property on Fourth Lake. A charge of trespass was brought against Van Hassen because he rowed a boat over the submerged lands claimed by Wilton. In a justice court the defendant won and Wilton took the case to the circuit court.

In circuit court Wilton lost and he then re-started the case in the circuit court, lost again and then appealed to the supreme court.

According to land owners about the lakes of the county, it is the most important decision affecting Lake county rendered in a long time. One man says it will affect a million dollars' worth of property in Lake county alone.

It is said that all lakes but two, Fox and Grass, in Lake county, will be affected by the decision. In other words, all lands about all lakes but these two, was sold under the Riparian rights act and the decision of the high court means that the court holds that owners of such submerged land have absolute ownership to the water over the submerged lands which their titles show they own.

For example, it is said that, by the decision, Frank T. Fowler, who owns 700 acres of land on Fourth Lake, will have absolute ownership of some 80 acres of water on one side of the lake abutting his farm. He and others, will be able to say who can row on that water, who can fish there, who can bathe, etc.

In view of the many hotels built on the various lakes of the county, it is important to speculate as to what the effect will be.

In looking at the matter from a close standpoint, it is seen that it is possible for patrons of many hotels to be arrested for trespassing on other person's property in case they happen to row onto water which covers submerged land owned by somebody other than the hotel man they are paying board to. A hotel man may own an acre into the lake but the fellow next door has absolute ownership and control of the water on his (the neighbor's) water land.

It is said that the Knickerbocker Ice Co., which owns many ice houses on the various lakes of the county, anticipating the decision of the high court, took many options on land surrounding the lakes near their property in order to get ownership if necessary to the water from which they will have to cut ice. They did this in order to forestall any possible step to prevent them cutting ice from a stretch of water which some other person may own and thus face a charge of trespass similar to that in which Van Hassen was found guilty.

Mr. Fowler was much elated when he heard of the decision. He stated that the price of his big farm at Fourth Lake had risen \$25,000 since he heard the decision. He said the decision was one of the important that could be given in the matter of title to Lake county property near the lakes and he felt people generally would not grasp the real importance of the ruling.

Cooke, Pope & Pope were the attorneys in the case but it is said Mr. Fowler was the man who insisted on carrying the case up for a decision and that he furnished most of the money necessary for obtaining this ruling.

CONTRACTS ARE LET

For the New Condensory to be Built at Grayslake—Will Cost About \$40,000

Bids for furnishing the material and part of the labor for the new condensory the Wisconsin Condensed Milk Co. will build at Grayslake, Ill., were opened at the company's office in Burlington, Monday and the various contracts let. Messrs. Guilbert and Funsten, the Racine architects who drew up the plans, were present and the numerous details were arranged for.

Albert Ebert, of East Troy, will do mason work, his bid of \$2,700 for the necessary labor, being the lowest. The Modern Steel Construction Co., of Waukegan, will furnish the necessary steel and iron work; Roberts & Co., of Racine, the Bedford stone sills; Wilbur Lumber Co., Grayslake, part of the necessary lumber. The largest contracts were let to the Illinois Brick Co., of Chicago, for 500,000 brick and the Chicago Cement Co., of Chicago, for 2,200 barrels of A. A. cement. The cement work and carpentry will be done by the company's force of carpenters and masons.

The main factory building will be 214 feet long and 88 feet wide. It will be built mainly of concrete, and as this is to be done by the milk company's masons, no bid was received but estimates place it in the neighborhood of \$15,000. The factory when completed, without any of the necessary machinery, will cost close to \$40,000.

The Soo line has built its sidetrack to the land the company owns at Grayslake and building operations will be started at once.

VILLAGE ELECTION HELD UNDER PRIMARY LAW

The old time caucus is now a thing of the past and the coming village election to be held this spring will be governed by the direct primary election law. And in accordance with this law Village Clerk Hughes on Monday posted notices of the first village primary under the new law which will be held on Tuesday March 14.

Monday was the last day for the filing of the nomination papers and as the matter of voting for the village officers under the primary law had been somewhat overlooked and no move had been made toward putting up a ticket until Monday morning there was considerable hustling among the various candidates.

Only one ticket was filed and it was as follows: For President—Chase Webb; For Trustees, full term—N. S. Pullen, George Brown and W. H. Osmond, to fill vacancy, L. H. Felter; For Treasurer—W. F. Ziegler; For Police Magistrate, B. H. Overton.

Although this was the only ticket filed it is not probable that it will be without opposition and one or more are expected to enter the field by petition.

People's Town Caucus

A caucus of the legal voters of the town of Antioch will be held on Saturday, March 18, A. D. 1911, at the village hall in the village of Antioch between the hours of 1 p. m. and 5 p. m. for the purpose of nominating one candidate for each of the following offices: one Supervisor, one Commissioner of Highways, two Constables and three Committeemen, who shall constitute the Town Committee for the ensuing year.

All voting in said Caucus, shall go by ballot containing the names of all candidates and the manner of conducting the Caucus and all voting therein, shall be as near as may be in accordance with the Australian system of voting. The undersigned chairman and Secretary shall act as Chairman and Secretary of said Caucus, and shall certify the names of the successful candidates as required by law. No ballot shall be counted unless it shall be endorsed thereon, the initials of one of the judges hereinafter named. Each person desiring to become a candidate in said Caucus shall give his name to one of the undersigned Town Committee on or before Thursday, March 16, 1911, and then pay his share of the expense of said Caucus.

Town Committee,
W. H. Tiffany, Chairman,
Henry Grimm, Secretary,
John A. Thain.

Dated, Antioch, March 1, 1911.

Take a Firm Stand in What is Right.

Let a man take a firm stand when he knows that he is right, and stay with it—through thick and thin, and the world must come around to his way of thinking, as it had to in the case of Christopher Columbus, Galileo, and a million and one other. And the only reason the world will not come round to his way of thinking is because he is always making concessions and shifting as though he had taken his stand on quicksand.

WARRENTON GIRL IS VICTIM OF BASE DECEIVER

Wood and Won Only Few Months Since is Now Deserted by Handsome Lover

GIRL SUPPOSING HIM FREE ELOPES IN THE NIGHT

Tragic Story of Love of Prominent Girl and Operator Discovered to Have Wife Up in Wisconsin Revealed With Operator's Arrest

Monday afternoon, on a charge of abduction, Ray Kranz, who is said to have abducted Miss Amy Flood of Warrenton, was before Justice James G. Welch of Waukegan and bound over to the grand jury in the sum of \$500. He waived examination and asked the court to appoint an attorney for him which cannot be done until he faces trial in the circuit court. He pleaded that he was without funds.

Ray Kranz, two years ago a telegraph operator on the railroad at Warrenton, is a prisoner in the Lake county jail, and back of his troubles is the story of a romantic love making, an elopement with an innocent and deceived girl, and the final denouncement when Kranz was discovered to have a wife up in Milwaukee.

The girl in the case is Amy Flood, the pretty daughter of Harry Flood, a well to do and prominent farmer and dairyman of Warrenton, who enjoys the respect of the entire county.

"I love her."

This is Kranz's sole excuse. Details of the affair read like a story book, with their flashes of romance, disappointment, passion and pain, and then the final dramatic awakening and the arrest of Kranz.

Two years ago, while a railroad operator at Warrenton, where the Floods reside, Kranz met pretty Amy Flood. It seems to have been a case of love at first sight.

Kranz is a handsome chap, well set up, a ready talker and an impassioned pleader. He threw the natural fervor of his impassioned Kentucky blood into his wooing of the Lake county girl and completely won her confidence.

Finally, telling the girl that he had been married, but had secured a divorce he pleaded with her to elope with him and become his wife.

She could not bring herself to do this, and just at this time Kranz was transferred to another operator's post and had to leave.

One time he sent money in a letter to the girl, pleading that she come to him alone, when he would marry her, it is said.

This was the time that he was stationed in Texas as a telegraph operator. The climax came Christmas eve last. Kranz wrote a note to the girl, sending it through a chum of hers, asking that Miss Flood meet him but once again, that he might say farewell to her and pass out of her life forever.

The girl threw her lace fascinator over her head and went to Warrenton station.

There, in the dusk, it is claimed, she found Kranz waiting for her with a horse and buggy. She got into the buggy and Kranz began to plead with her to become his wife, to run away with him.

He seems to have mastered the girl's scruples.

She did not even return for her clothes, but instead drove with Kranz to Waukegan.

The two then took a train for Kenosha, then back to Chicago, and then to St. Paul, Kranz apparently getting transportation through his position on the road.

From St. Paul Kranz and the girl appear to have sent a telegram to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Flood at Warrenton telling the anxious parents, who did not know what to do following the sudden disappearance of their daughter, that the clothes and trunk of the girl be sent to them at a Texas point.

Remaining in St. Paul for two days, the couple left for Texas, and until recently, it is said, have been living together in some Texas city as man and wife.

FEB. WEATHER REPORT

Furnished by Joseph C. James, the Local Weather Recorder

Feb. -1911. Warmest day 50 on the 16th. Coldest day 2 below on the 10th. Average temperature 28.67. Rainfall 2.88 inch. Snowfall 9 inches.

Feb. 1910—Warmest day 50 on the 15th. Coldest day 10 below on the 23th. Average temperature 19.94. Rainfall 65.100 inches. Snowfall 4 1/2 inches.

Feb. 1909—Warmest day 52 on the 18th. Coldest day zero on the 1st. Average temperature 29.10. Total rainfall 1.60 inches. Snowfall 6 inches.

Feb. 1908—Warmest day 47 on the 12th. Coldest day 10 below on the 4th. Average temperature 23.06. Total rainfall 2.20 inch. Snowfall 19 inches.

Feb. 1907—Warmest day 52 on the 18th. Coldest day 14 below on the 6th. Average temperature 22.61. Rainfall 30.100 inches. Snowfall 1 inch.

Feb. 1906—Warmest day 50 on the 12th. Coldest day 9 below on the 7th. Average temperature 22.88. Total rainfall 2.30 inches. Snowfall 3 inches.

Feb. 1905—Warmest day 44 on the 28th. Coldest day 25 below on the 13th. Average temperature 13.64. Total rainfall 1.85 inch. Snowfall 21 inches.

Feb. 1904—Warmest day 44 on the 6th. Coldest day 14 below on the 1st. Average temperature 12.37. Rainfall 1.50 inch. Snowfall 10 inches.

Feb. 1903—Warmest day 47 on the 27th. Coldest day 14 below on the 17th. Average temperature 21.11. Total rainfall 1 inch. Snowfall 6 inches.

Feb. 1902—Warmest day 48 on the 26th. Coldest day 9 below on the 5th. Average temperature 18.01. Rainfall 1.40 inches.

Rainfall includes melted snow.

NEW BRIDGE NEAR WOODWORTH COLLAPSES

The floor of the new concrete bridge, known as the "Devil bridge" in the town of Bristol just south of the village of Woodworth collapsed on Wednesday afternoon of last week and as a result the road is impassable at this point and the Town Board and the county will have to make some arrangements for the rebuilding of this portion of the bridge before the road will be open for the use of teams and vehicles. The floor collapsed without any warning and a large portion of it fell into the little creek beneath. Fortunately no one was on the bridge at the time of the collapse of the floor and within a short time the attention of the Town Board was called to the condition of the bridge and the road was closed up.

The contract for the bridge was let less than a year ago and it was completed just before the coming of the cold winter weather. It was made entirely of concrete and the cost of it was \$3,500, one-half of which amount was paid from the county funds. The last check for the payment of the Milwaukee contractors in charge of the work was mailed to them on Tuesday and it was paid by the bank on Wednesday. The Town of Bristol had also completed its share of the payments during the early part of the week.

Chairman Frank Shuart declares that the loss from the collapse of the floor of the bridge would be in the neighborhood of \$500 and as the bridge has been accepted it is probable that the cost will have to be paid by the town and by the county at large.

DIPHTHERIA IS CAUSE OF DEATH

On Friday of last week, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Message were called upon to part with their youngest child, Oliver R. aged one year and seven months. The cause of his death being diphtheria.

The little one had been ill for a few days with what his parents supposed to be only a slight cold, and on Tuesday they engaged the services of a physician who pronounced the case tonsillitis. The child continued to grow rapidly worse and on Thursday it was discovered that diphtheria had developed and the little one passed away the following day. The remains were interred in the Hillside cemetery Saturday morning.

May God of mercy hear our cries And heal these broken hearts of ours He has in his allwise dealings Chosen one of earth's fair flowers.

Little Oliver; thou art gone before us To the realm of endless day; Still thy spirit hovers o'er us As we tread life's weary way.

Though our hearts are pained with sadness As we mourn, dear one, for thee, Yet we know that you are waiting On the shore beyond the sea.

When our pilgrimage is ended And our trials and troubles cease, Mny we with thee rest in Jesus There to dwell in perfect peace.

England's First Christmas Trees.

The return of Christmas brought to life the journalistic legend that Prince Albert "introduced Christmas trees into England" and that the first of them was set up at Windsor castle in 1841. As a matter of fact, Christmas trees were introduced half a century before Prince Albert was born by Queen Charlotte, and they were set up every year for the royal children at Kew or at Windsor.—From London Truth.

WHITNEY NOMINATED FOR JUDGE

Antioch Cast Only Fifty-three Votes at the Judicial Primary Held Monday

COUNTY GIVES 1452 VOTES

Not One Vote Cast Against the Lake Co. Candidate Which Shows His Popularity

In the judicial primary held in Lake county Monday, Atty. Charles Whitney received every one of the 1452 votes cast in the county; he received practically all the votes cast in the other counties, Boone, Winnebago and McHenry county and in those counties the vote also was small. In McHenry but 500 votes were cast. In Boone, some writing in of Judge DeWolf's name was followed but not to any extent. Below are shown the votes in the various Lake county townships:

Benton	194
Newport	17
Antioch	53
Grant	20
Avon	111
Warren	61
Waukegan	497
Shields	98
Libertyville	122
Fremont	20
Wauconda	25
Cuba	138
Ela	24
Vernon	18
West Deerfield	15
Deerfield	39

Below are shown the references to the primary in Boone and Winnebago counties, by papers of Belvidere and Rockford:

(Belvidere Republican)
The votes cast in Belvidere at the primary election Saturday numbered 127. They were divided in the precincts as follows: First, 23; Second, 40; Third, 8; Fourth, 31; Fifth, 25. Eight ballots were rejected in the count, leaving the net counted, 119.

The ballots rejected had been spoiled in the marking, six in the Fourth. W. L. Pierce received one cross having been placed in the wrong square.

One Socialist vote was cast in the First precinct and one in the same precinct written in for Judge W. C. DeWolf. Three Socialist votes were cast in the Second and three in the Fourth. W. L. Pierce received one vote in the Third, the name written in. All the rest of the votes were for Charles Whitney.

Mr. Whitney was what might be called an easy winner, having no opposition in the primaries. The vote was light everywhere.

(Rockford Register-Gazette)

A very small percentage of the vote was out Saturday at the judicial primary. The fact that Charles Whitney had no opposition accounts for the absolute apathy. Judges at various precincts went out and solicited votes in many instances in order to make a showing of a little something doing.

The total vote in Rockford for Mr. Whitney was 363. The Socialists turned in 30 votes for Fred Means and individual votes were registered for a number of attorneys and others. C. W. Ferguson received nine Democratic votes and Judge Whitney received two Prohibition votes for the judgeship. Inasmuch as Mr. Whitney will not run on the Prohibition ticket Attorneys Robert Rew and Frank S. Regan are tied for the honor, each receiving one vote.

A. B. Louison, Dr. Tebbetts, Clarence Darrow, Judge DeWolf of Belvidere, J. E. Rickert, H. P. Holland, William H. Sizer, F. E. Colehour, R. F. Locke, P. H. O'Donnell, O. M. Williams and Judge Donnelly were others remembered with a vote by some admirer.

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(CONTINUED ON FOURTH PAGE)

FIX DEFECTS IN STATE GAME LAWS

Governor in Special Message Urges Prompt Action.

OTHER BOARDS ARE AFFECTED

Statutes Governing Disposition of Fees in Several Departments Do Not Comply With Constitutional Requirements Relative to Appropriations.

Springfield, March 1.—In a special message sent to the legislature today, the governor urges prompt action in curing the defects in the law creating the slot game department. The following is the message:

An opinion of the Attorney General, rendered to the Senate on Feb. 13, 1911, points out certain defects in the act creating the State Game Department and providing for its maintenance. Under the provisions of the present law, approved April 28, 1903, in force July 1, 1903, and acts amendatory thereto, the funds available for the support and maintenance of the State Game Department are placed in the State treasury and, under section 25 of said act, are there set apart as a special fund known as the State Game Protection Fund.

Under the present law, all moneys used for the payment of salaries of the State Game Commissioner, the game wardens and deputy game wardens, are made payable by the State Treasurer out of the State Game Protection Fund upon warrants drawn by the Auditor of Public Accounts, upon presentation to him of proper vouchers certified to by the State Game Commissioner and approved by the Governor. This provision of the law is found defective by the Attorney General, in that it is in contravention of certain constitutional provisions in relation to appropriation measures.

The provisions of the game law in relation to expenditures for the maintenance of the State Game Department are also found to be defective in that they violate constitutional provisions governing the appropriation of money from the State treasury.

The opinion is based upon the decision of the Supreme Court of our State in the case of *The People v. Joyce*, 246 Ill., 124, decided Oct. 12, 1910.

The importance of the conclusions reached by the Attorney General in his opinion and the necessity of immediate action by your honorable body to provide for the continuance of the work of this important department are apparent. Ever since its creation, the funds of the State Game Department have been disbursed under this act in the manner now found defective by the opinion of the Attorney General. For all these expenditures, vouchers certified to by the State Game Commissioner and approved by the Governor are on file in the office of the Auditor of Public Accounts; and as the change necessary to comply with constitutional provisions will require nothing more than a change in the method of drawing upon the Game Protection Fund in the State Treasury, there should be no difficulty in securing the immediate passage of the necessary legislation, with an emergency clause, so as to prevent any unnecessary embarrassment to the administration of the work of the State Game Department.

The opinion of the Attorney General deals exclusively with the State Game Department, but in his annual report for 1910, the Attorney General intimates that the acts relating to those departments, institutions, boards and commissions which receive fees or public moneys and do not transmit them to the State Treasury through the Auditor of Public Accounts, or from which expenditures are made for salaries or other purposes without being authorized biennially by appropriation acts of the General Assembly, are unconstitutional.

I have taken pains to investigate the statutes creating the various State departments, institutions, boards and commissions, whose provisions governing the disposition of the fees and funds set apart for their support do not, according to the views of the Attorney General, comply with the constitutional requirements relative to appropriations. They are the following:

Food Commission, created April 24, 1899. Food Commission Fund, deposited in the State Treasury and drawn out without appropriation.

Fish Commission, created May 13, 1879. Fish Protection Fund, deposited in State Treasury and drawn out without appropriation.

Board of Administration, created June 16, 1909. Board of Administration Fund. The act of 1910 purports to appropriate this fund to the Board of Administration to be expended in accordance with the provisions of the act, but the maximum amount appropriated is not fixed.

Board of Health, created May 27, 1877. The Board has appropriations, but the fees collected are not paid into the State Treasury and are not appropriated.

Board of Pharmacy, created May 30, 1881. Fees collected are not paid into the State Treasury and the board has no appropriation for any purpose.

Fire Marshal's office, created June 15, 1909. The act creating the department provides for the application of

fees, collected through the insurance department, to the maintenance of the Fire Marshal's office. Under the act payment of these fees has been made to the Insurance Superintendent, who is prepared to pay them into the State treasury when appropriation measures are passed to make the law effective.

Barbers Board, created June 20, 1909. Fees collected are not paid into the State treasury and the Board has no appropriation.

Grain Inspection Departments at Chicago and East St. Louis, created under act of April 26, 1871. Collections are not paid into the State treasury and neither of the departments has an appropriation.

Board of State Veterinarians, created under act of June 27, 1885. Collects license and other fees. They are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

University of Illinois, created February 28, 1867. Tuitions, fees and other receipts are not paid into the treasury, and are not appropriated.

Southern Illinois Normal University, created March 9, 1869. Tuitions, fees and other receipts are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

Eastern Illinois State Normal School, created May 22, 1895. Tuitions, fees and other receipts are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

Northern Illinois State Normal School, created May 22, 1895. Tuitions, fees and other receipts are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

Western Illinois State Normal School, created April 24, 1899. Tuitions, fees and other receipts are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

Bureau of Labor, created May 29, 1879. License fees collected under "An act relating to private employment agencies, and to repeal parts of a certain act relating thereto," approved June 15, 1909, are not paid into the State treasury and no appropriation of the fees is made.

Board of Agriculture, created April 15, 1872. Collects premiums, gate receipts and other moneys that are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

Stallion Registration Commission, created June 10, 1909. Collects fees that are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

Board of Prison Industries, created May 11, 1903. Collects moneys under the provisions of "An act to regulate the employment of convicts and prisoners in the penal and reformatory institutions of the State of Illinois, and providing for the disposition of the products of their skill and industry," in force July 1, 1903. The collections under this act are not paid into the treasury and are not appropriated.

Insurance Department, created June 20, 1893. Examination fees collected are not paid into the State treasury, but are appropriated by the 50th paragraph of the act to appropriate moneys to pay the general expenses of the State government. No maximum amount is fixed.

Board of Certified Accountants, created May 15, 1903, State University. Fees for examinations are collected but are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

Secretary of State. Fees received for automobile and chauffeur licenses, under act of June 10, 1909, are not paid into the State treasury, but are appropriated by the 50½ paragraph of the act appropriating money to pay the general expenses of the State government. No maximum amount is fixed.

Auditor of Public Accounts. Fees collected as superintendent of banking department under act of June 16, 1887, and building and loan department, under act of July 1, 1899, are not paid into the State treasury, but are appropriated by the 18th paragraph of the act appropriating money to pay the general expenses of the State government. The maximum amount is not fixed.

Board of Examiners of Dental Surgery, created under act of May 15, 1905. Fees and other collections are not paid into the State treasury, and no appropriation is made to the Board.

State Board of Architects, created June 3, 1897. Fees and other collections are not paid into the State treasury and no appropriation is made to the Board.

Illinois State Penitentiary (Joliet), created February 19, 1857. Miscellaneous collections of this institution are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

Southern Illinois Penitentiary (Chesler), created May 24, 1877. Miscellaneous collections of this institution are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

State Reformatory (Pontiac), created March 5, 1867. Miscellaneous collections of this institution are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

In view of the fact that it would be impossible to discontinue the work of a department, institution, board or commission, to await the decision of the Supreme Court in each case or class of cases arising under the statutes enumerated above, and of the possible embarrassment that might arise hereafter should questions be raised as to the validity of the expenditures of the departments, institutions, boards and commissions enumerated, and which might require the convening of the General Assembly in extraordinary session, I deem it wise at this time to submit for the consideration of your Honorable Body the question of the amendment of said statutes. Their amendment will affect merely the method of keeping accounts by these departments, institutions, boards or commissions, and not their administration.

LOWER HOUSE IS RUSHING ITS WORK

Its Members Do Not Desire to Be Held Responsible for an Extra Session.

OLD MEN ON DUTY AT NIGHT

Gen. Kelfer and Other Veterans Stick to Posts—Navy Department Seeks Hulk of French Warship—Famous Names in the Military Academy.

By GEORGE CLINTON.

Washington.—Members of both parties in the house of representatives made up their minds after the prolonged filibuster on the omnibus claims bill that it would not be wise politically for either party to have the house charged up with delaying matters so that an extra session would be necessary, even if reciprocity did not cause the president to call it. The result of this feeling has been that the house has been pushing things through at a rapid gait under what amounts to a suspension of the ordinary rules of procedure.

The scenes at a recent night session of the house were duplicates virtually of scenes which occurred when the members, or some of them, sat up all night during the attempt of the Republican insurgents and most of the Democrats to affect a change in the rules. Night sessions are hard on the members, especially the older ones, but it is a curious thing to note that the old men, who suffer most, are the ones who stick closest to their desks and the fight while the trouble is on.

Perhaps it is the desire of the older members to avoid a charge that age has weakened them that keeps them at the post of duty through the long night sessions while some of the younger members are home and in bed or, at best, sleeping on the lounges or in the chairs of the cloak-rooms. Two old Civil war veterans of the house, one a Republican and one a Democrat—General Kelfer and General Sherwood—always have been on the night picket line when the two parties in the house were engaged in midnight warfare.

General Kelfer's Achievement.

A year ago when Speaker Cannon was delaying a ruling on a point of order which affected a change in the rules, parliamentary strategy made it necessary to keep the house in session all night. Member after member rose to speak in order that the debate might continue so as to prevent the forcing of the speaker's hand. It was one o'clock in the morning and the supply of ready and willing speakers on the Republican side seemed to have been pretty nearly exhausted. Then up rose General Kelfer and for an hour and a half he addressed the house, his voice being heard in every corner of the galleries. He spoke as though it were ten o'clock in the morning and he had risen refreshed from a long night's slumber. On March 4 General Kelfer will leave the house for private life. Once on a time he was speaker of the house of representatives and, as probably everybody in the United States knows from his pictures, he always appears in public in "full dress" evening attire.

Seek Hulk of Warship.

The navy department has ordered two vessels, charged with the duty of finding and destroying derelicts, to search for the hulk of the old French warship *Richelieu* which, water-logged and abandoned, has been reported to be in the track of trans-Atlantic liners somewhere between the American coast and Queenstown.

If the *Richelieu* is found she will be destroyed, in case she is not found near enough to some port to be towed in. Even if the latter proves to be the case, immediate destruction may follow provided the boat is found not to be worth the saving.

Derelicts are a danger to commerce. It is believed that many and many a ship which never has been heard from has gone down as the result of a collision with some wail of the sea. There are some scores of derelicts known to be afloat and the search for them by specially commissioned vessels of every government is constantly in progress. A list is kept of every derelict which is reported and when one is found and destroyed or towed into port, it is checked from the record. Strive as hard as the governments of the world can, the derelict list remains about the same year in and year out. When one is found and destroyed another one usually is reported to take its place, and if the average of those afloat can be kept about the same from year to year it seems to be about all that the navigation interests can expect.

Tested Her Ram on a Derelict.

Some years ago the ram *Katahdin*, which is now out of commission, found a water-logged lumber ship abandoned at sea off Cape Hatteras. At that time the ram type of ship was more or less an experiment and so he ordered full speed ahead and the *Katahdin* rammed the derelict amidships. The shock of the impact threw most of the crew of the war vessel to the deck, but no one was hurt while the lumber ship was cut almost in two. The *Katahdin* backed out and in a few moments the derelict filled and sank. Most of her lumber load, which was largely on deck, float-

ed on the surface of the sea, but the planks and the logs were separated and none of them was of sufficient size or weight to be in itself a menace to navigation.

This is the season for the distribution of free vegetable and flower seeds by members of congress. Every member is given a certain number of seed packages for distribution among his constituents. There is a belief generally throughout the country that members of congress who represent crowded city districts have no use for these seeds and this belief was well based a few years ago, but matters have changed completely.

Gardens in the Cities.

Within the last three or four years the social settlement workers in the great cities have been instructing the tenement dwellers in the value of making their little crowded homes as attractive as possible. Health and morals are improved by pleasant surroundings according to the view of the Socialists. The result has been that in thousands of the tenements of New York City, Chicago and other big cities there are indoor gardens in winter and outdoor gardens in summer.

It is true that these gardens are limited in size, but on hundreds of back porches and on the window ledges of the tenement districts of New York green boxes appear in the spring and summer season and each box contains growing geraniums, pansies and other flowers. Some of the tenement dwellers manage to raise vegetables on the roofs and on the back porches.

Each senator and representative is allowed a certain number of government publications free for distribution among his constituents. It happens that occasionally there is a great demand from one district for a certain publication, a demand which exhausts quickly the supply of the member representing the district. Then comes a series of exchanges, the member who wants publications exchanging garden seeds for them with some other member who prefers seeds to the printed matter. This sort of bartering goes on constantly and by carrying it on judiciously, each member is able to meet the particular requirements of his district.

Famous Names at West Point.

The next class which enters the United States Military academy will be the largest in the history of the institution, according to the war department reports. In June there will enter the cadet camp as "plebes," which is the West Point name for freshmen, one hundred and fifty young men, representing every state and territory in the union.

Among the candidates is a boy named Robert E. Lee. There have been several Lees, all belonging to the same family, in attendance at West Point since the day of the first Robert E. Lee, who afterward became the chief general of the Confederate army. The boy who will enter the government school in June is, however, the first Robert E. Lee to become a cadet since the great soldier of that name reported at West Point eighty-six years ago. Robert E. Lee graduated at the head of his class.

"Stonewall's" Grandson a Cadet.

The grandson of Thomas J. ("Stonewall") Jackson is now a cadet at West Point. His mother was a daughter of the Confederate commander. The boy's name is Thomas Jonathan Jackson Christian. He was appointed to the military academy by President Roosevelt who in appointing him wrote a letter to the widow of "Stonewall" Jackson saying that he was proud of the opportunity to appoint her grandson and the grandson of the great Confederate soldier to a cadetship at the United States military academy.

Elliott Woods is the superintendent of the capitol. To Mr. Woods falls the duty of making such changes as are necessary in the great national legislative halls. He is responsible for the lighting, the ventilation, the hanging of pictures and for the comfort and convenience of senators and members and in fact for everything which pertains to the great structure on the hill.

Just at present the superintendent is introducing uniform lighting fixtures. In most of the rooms of senators and representatives in the capitol proper, the office buildings being disregarded, there were installed years ago brass fixtures for lighting purposes. They never have been satisfactory and they have been regarded by persons with an artistic sense as being extremely ugly. In some cases silver and crystal chandeliers already have been installed.

Beautiful Chandeliers in Capitol.

It may seem to some people that silver and crystal are not as appealing as are brass antiques, but there are already in the capitol some crystal chandeliers which are nothing less than superb. For many years these great lighting fixtures hung from the ceilings of the rooms in the White House where their beauty attracted the attention of every visitor. For some reason or other all but one or two of them were taken down and actually stored away as virtually worthless junk.

The superintendent of the capitol finally got hold of these old chandeliers and hung two of them in the committee rooms of the capitol. As a result these rooms are the most attractive in the entire structure. The chandeliers simply are exquisite in workmanship and moreover the crystal reflects many colored rays of light, not too dazzling, but on the whole softly beautiful. It is the intention to install new fixtures in other parts of the capitol which in appearance will be in keeping with those which a curious "twist of taste" was responsible for rejecting from the White House.

ZELAYA WAS BRUTAL SLAYER

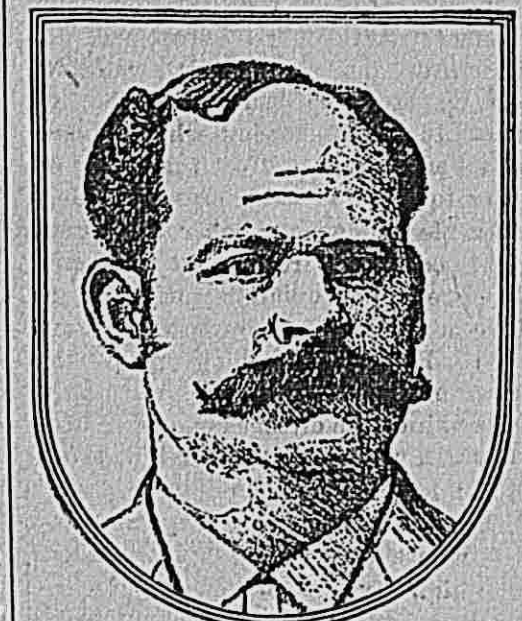
Uncle Sam Now Ready to Punish Ex-President of Nicaragua If He's Caught.

Washington.—The United States department of state has a secret report which places an entirely new light on the execution of Leroy Cannon and Leonard Gross, who were shot upon the orders of former President Jose Santos Zelaya during the recent rebellion in Nicaragua.

As a result of this report the deposed President Zelaya, now at large in Europe, if captured and brought back to Nicaragua, may be treated as a murderer, and a vigorous lesson given the warring Central American republics relative to the rights of American citizens.

The general impression had been that Gross and Cannon were caught within the lines of the enemy and were treated as spies, in accordance with the laws of war. This sentiment was heightened by misleading newspaper reports and by the statement of one of the victims, that "it is the fortune of war."

On the contrary, it appears that Gross and Cannon were captured while asleep, that they were not spying, that



Former President Zelaya.

they had not attempted to blow up a bridge with dynamite as originally reported, that they were shot upon the direct order of Zelaya, that they were given only a farcical trial, and that they were entitled to the ordinary treatment of combatants captured in war.

Of the men who constituted the court-martial, one is dead and the other has disappeared. Zelaya, the man responsible, whose order resulted in the death of the two adventurous Americans, is a marked man and may never return to Nicaragua, nor to any portion of the world where the United States has influence.

"Court-martial and shoot at once," was the first order given by Zelaya, and when the court hesitated he finally sent the order "shoot them immediately." This last telegram now is said to be in the hands of the government of the United States. The story is a recital of one of the most outrageous exhibitions of high-handed power ever known, even in the semi-barbarous Central American republic.

This is not the only evidence which the state department has against the deposed Nicaraguan tyrant. It is told of him that he exercised the absolute power of a Nero.

The present government of Nicaragua has promised to make amends to the relatives of Gross and Cannon in the payment of money to their relatives. But the American government will not regard the ends of justice as having been carried out, so long as Zelaya is at liberty.

THE OLD CUMBERLAND ROAD

It Is Now Proposed to Reconstruct the Famous Pike, Nearly 800 Miles in Length.

Baltimore, Md.—The old Cumberland road is attracting attention to itself in the various states through which it passes and there is a growing appreciation of its historical value. Some of the states have undertaken more or less extensive repairs along the ancient thoroughfare. Pennsylvania is resurfacing her part of it and many of the counties in Ohio and Indiana are doing what they can to mend the great highway, which in its day was by far the most important in this country.

It has even been suggested that the federal government might be persuaded to co-operate with the states in a scheme for the reconstruction of the famous pike all the way from Cumberland, Md., to its western terminus at St. Louis. Nearly 800 miles in length and following an almost perfectly straight course from Atlantic tidewater to the Mississippi river it would furnish a magnificent pathway for automobiles.

If this shall be accomplished the old road will again become a busy thoroughfare. Taverns will open their hospitable doors at frequent intervals along its length, as in the ancient days, and the echoes of the hills in the passes of the Allegheny mountains will be awakened by the cheerful honking of motor horns—just as in former times they responded to the merry tooting of the coach guards' trumpets. It would become the fashion for automobile parties to "do the pike," the long straightaway stretches of which would afford most attractive opportunities for speeding, while a trip over it in a gasoline car might well be deemed worth taking for the mere sake of the extraordinarily picturesque and beautiful scenery.

OUT OF A JOB.



Young Bill (sadly)—Yes, that's what the boss told me when 'e fired me.

A WOMAN'S KIDNEYS

Are Often Responsible for Untold Suffering.

Mrs. August Wittenberg, 1083 Hopkins St., Milwaukee, Wis., says: "Kidney trouble came on me almost before I was aware of it. There was a constant inclination for the kidneys to act and the secretions were accompanied by burning and scalding. The headaches and giddy feelings that oppressed me were almost unbearable and life soon lost all interest. Doan's Kidney Pills came to my attention at that critical time and I used them faithfully until entirely cured."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Between Octogenarians.

"I understand they sentenced him to life imprisonment?"

"Well, no; it wasn't as bad as that. He got only 99 years!"—Puck.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny, granules, easy to take. Do not gripe.

Some men will do anything for the sake of a little newspaper notoriety.

THAT AWFUL BACKACHE

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Morton's Gap, Kentucky.—"I suffered two years with female disorders.

My health was very bad and I had a continual backache which was simply awful. I could not stand on my feet long enough to cook a meal's victuals without my back nearly killing me, and I would have such dragging sensations I could hardly bear it. I had soreness in each side, could not stand tight clothing, and was irregular. I was completely run down. On advice I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills and an enjoyable good health. It is now more than two years and I have not had an ache or pain since. I do all my own work, washing and everything, and never have the backache any more. I think your medicine is grand and I praise it to all my neighbors. If you think my testimony will help others you may publish it."—Mrs. OLLIE WOODALL, Morton's Gap, Kentucky.

Backache is a symptom of organic weakness or derangement. If you have backache don't neglect it. To get permanent relief you must reach the root of the trouble. Nothing we know of will do this so surely as Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound.

Write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., for special advice. Your letter will be absolutely confidential, and the advice free.

Be master of your own time. Use a Gillette. KNOWN THE WORLD OVER.

More Eggs. The way to make 100 hens lay 80 eggs a day in winter. The way to raise 100 chickens to market size in 70 days, out of every hundred chickens hatched, is by my new successful poultry and egg method, sent on free trial to prove it. MRS. L. ALLEY, Department 5, New Madrid, Mo.

PRINCE ALBERT, SASKATCHEWAN. The center of the surest mixed farming district in Western Canada, offers certain success to workers. For free literature giving particulars of free homesteads, maps, etc., write JULIUS L. WOODWARD, Secretary Board of Trade, Prince Albert, Sask.

RUPTURED? I want the name and address of every person who has a rupture. It's to my advantage to write me today. W. W. CLARKIN, 3116 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago, Ill.

PISO'S. IS THE NAME OF THE BEST MEDICINE FOR COUGHS & COLDS.

THE ANTIOCH NEWS

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY

A. B. JOHNSON, Editor and Prop.

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THURSDAY, MARCH 2, 1911

Women seldom suffer in silence.

A centipede is seldom on its last legs.

When money talks it usually gets an encore.

Good luck seems to stumble right on to the hustler.

Some men like to blow about having been on a toot.

A man made of common clay is not always a brick.

Anyway Adam didn't trail around on Eve's apron strings.

The man who makes enemies is at least doing something.

The man who is on the square does not have to sneak 'round.

Heroic deeds are poor collateral to try to borrow money on.

Acting so as to keep out of trouble is no sure sign of cowardice.

A self-made man can't kick on the material used in his make-up.

It doesn't take much of a backbone to avoid sins that never tempt you.

A man gets to the front sometimes by being shoved by those in the rear.

The world owes us all a living—but some are better collectors than others.

Why should the bridegroom wear mourning on the happiest day of his life.

You can not be a pioneer in any movement if you wait to climb on the band wagon.

A scientist tells us that metals get tired—but who ever saw a lazy man on his metal.

The women who want to vote are more to be respected than the men who can and don't.

Folks who expect to take their money with them when they leave this earth must have money to burn.

The man who tries and fails is of more value to society than he who says he can't and succeeds at it.

Just because you can't see your own children's faults is no sign that you need the service of an oculist.

The plodder often makes more progress than the rapid worker who has to hurry to make up for wasted time.

The Lord does not always provide, but he will get behind and push the fellow who goes after what he wants.

Some sinners who refuse to give up their street car seats to ladies may be glad to get standing room in heaven.

Don't talk so much about your ancestors, but try to act and do that your grandchildren will be proud of theirs.

A report comes from North Carolina of a hen that laid five eggs a day. That hen must be a poor mathematician.

Many a man who can't paddle his own canoe thinks he is qualified to furnish the motive power for the ship of state.

When a woman gets rigged out with a new lid and gown, the calls she has been neglecting begin to bother her conscience.

An exchange informs us that a girl does not like to be kissed against her will. Well, that's no place to kiss a girl, anyway.

Mustard plasters are going up in price also. The trusts must be getting scared when they resort to hitting us in the back.

Maybe the postmaster general wants to raise the rates on second class matter so as to have some change to put in the postal savings bank.

A paragrapher asks: How many people are there who ask questions they know you can't answer? There would

be one less if this paragrapher kept quiet.

A man in Philadelphia claims to have gotten drunk eating onions. This is a happy combination—making it possible to get drunk and kill your breath at the same time.

They say there are no lawyers in heaven—which may be the reason that everyone else wants to go there. And if they all go to the other place the devil need not want for good company.

A man claims to have invented something that will overcome the laws of gravitation. If he would invent something that would cause a dollar to return to you after being spent it would be more to the point.

Some one tells us that Eve was twenty-three feet tall. She had the advantage of being able to overlook Adam's faults—but it's no wonder our prehistoric dad was tardy in taking her to a dressmaker.

Illinois stands in great need of better country roads. The department of agriculture made an elaborate estimate once on the cost of bad roads to the farmer. It was a showing which should have had a greater effect than it did on those to whom it was addressed. Considerable money and labor are spent yearly on Illinois roads, but as a rule they are spent unintelligently and to little purpose. The man who works out his road tax by scraping up to the crown of the road dirt which rains have washed into the ditches and which later rains will wash back again might about as well have kept at home.

There is a state highway commission, whose duty it is to inform itself as to highway construction and give information to all who have authority over highways. It is believed that the commission has done good work, but the field is too extensive for three men to cover. There is need of some agency which shall be nearer the highway commissioners, who look after the country roads, to guide them in their work and co-ordinate their efforts to the end that there may be a continuity of good roads throughout the state. Then the farmer would no longer be unable because of bottomless roads to get his crops to the nearest railroad station at the time they were bringing the highest price.

Now it is proposed to link together the state highway commission and the men who have to do immediately with roadmaking. A bill has been introduced which makes provision for a superintendent of roads for every county. He is to have had at least three years' experience as a civil engineer. It would be a part of his duty to classify all the roads in his county, roads of the first class, which should receive special attention, being those connecting the principal points in his county. He would have to inspect all the roads, give advice about building them, and make report to the state highway commission.

With this force of capable superintendents there would be some approach to systematized and united road building in Illinois. The millions now expended annually would be spent to much better purpose, and it would not be many years before there was a perceptible improvement. Let us have the superintendents of roads.

Wise Saying.
Far around and beyond whatever is exceptional and illustrious in human life stretches that which is average and unperceived.

Special Shoe Sale

Having bought H. A. Wienke's entire stock of footwear will sell at cost on

Saturday, March 4

A quantity of Ladies', Men's and Children's Footwear consisting of

Ladies' button and lace shoes, Ladies' rubbers, Men's work shoes and dress shoes in both lace or button; also German socks, sheepskin moccasins, socks for rubber boots, leggings and rubbers; also Children's shoes in patent leather, button or lace, and Children's rubbers.

This sale is to make room for Spring and Summer goods that will arrive soon. Our shelves are over crowded and we must have room for new goods. Come early and avoid the rush, for we have shoes for all the great and small.

Remember the Date

SATURDAY, MARCH 4th

J. R. CRIBB.

AUCTION SALES

The undersigned Administrator of Charles W. Turner dec'd will sell on the Turner Farm one mile east of Antioch

Friday, March 3, 1911,

commencing at 1:00 p. m. sharp the following property to-wit: 1 bay mare 18 years old, 8 cows some springers, 3 2 yr old Heifers, 3 hogs 1 1/2 doz chickens 1 lumber wagon, 1 truck wagon, 1 milk wagon, single bukeye wagon, hay rake, hay rack, pair bobs, grain binder, corn binder, pair drags, disc harrow, mower, sulkey plow, walking plow stubble, sodb plow, riding corn cultivator, corn sheller, pair 1000 lb scales, large kittle, some carpenter tools, forks spades and shovels, 1 team harness, coal heater, cook stove for coal or wood, grind stone, 2 post hold diggers, corn planter 600 bu oats, 250 bu corn in crib, 12 ton tame hay in barn, some straw in stack, 800 drain tile 4 and 5 inch, 3 milk cans, sythe and hoes, stone boat, vineger in barrel, wheel barrel, crow bar and moul, extension ladder and other articles to numerous to mention. Free lunch at noon. Usual terms.

Geo. Vogel, W. J. WHITE, Auctioneer Administrator

The undersigned will sell at Public auction on his farm 3 miles south of Antioch on the Fox Lake road on

Saturday, March 4, 1911

Commencing at 1:00 o'clock sharp the following property, to-wit: 24 head of cattle, 18 heavy springers, some with calves by side, 1 Jersey cow, calf by side, new milker, 12-yr old Holstein bull, 4 yearling Heifers, 1 sow with 7 spring pigs, terms 6 mos. at 6 per cent. Geo. Vogel, Bert Bown, Auctioneer Proprietor.

The undersigned will sell at public auction at his farm in Millburn on

Wednesday, March 8

commencing at 10:00 o'clock a. m. the following property to-wit: 1 gray gelding 6 years old, weight 1700; 1 black gelding 7 years old, weight 1550; 1 brown gelding 8 years old, weight 1600; 1 brown gelding 5 years old, weight 1600; 1 gray mare, with foal, 6 years old, weight 1500; 1 brown driving mare 8 years old, 1 sorrel driving mare 9 years old, 1 sorrel mare 2 years old, 1 gray gelding 2 years old, 1 brown gelding 2 years old, 1 bay gelding 1 year old, 1 black gelding 1 year old, 26 choice dairy cows (tuberculin tested) 2 full blood Holstein bulls 1 year old, 2 gray Durham bulls 1 year old, 2 yearling heifers, 6 brood sows, 1 I. O. C. boar, 7 shoats, 500 bu. of oats, 40 bu. of barley, 20 tons of hay, 4 stacks of corn fodder, 1 surrey, 1 road wagon, 1 seeder, 1 sulkey plow, 1 cauldron kettle, 1 walking plow, and 5 dozen chickens.

USUAL TERMS LUNCH AT NOON
Geo. Vogel, JOHN STRANG, Prop. Auctioneer John Thain, Clerk

The undersigned will sell at public auction on the Cannon farm, 2 1/2 miles south-east of Antioch on the Hickory road on

Friday, March 10th

commencing at 1:00 o'clock the following property to-wit: 28 cows, milchers and springers; 5 two-year-old heifers, 7 yearling heifers, 4 calves, 2 brood sows, 300 bu. of oats, 4 tons of wild hay, 7 milk cans, Geo. Vogel, Auctioneer Usual terms. Brook & Garrett, Props.

To Boil a Cracked Egg.
To boil a cracked egg, add one teaspoonful of salt to the water, and it will cook without having any of the white come out.—Housekeeper.

WARRENTON GIRL IS VICTIM OF BASE DECEIVER

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE)

again he would certainly put up a battle for his liberty.

He asserted that he was innocent of intentional wrong doing and had merely acted so because he loved the Flood girl to distraction and could not live without her.

The Flood girl is still in Chicago. Up to Monday morning she did not know that her lover had been arrested, and in fact, the girl has played an innocent part all through the amentable affair, being deceived.

Constable Hicks took his prisoner to Waukegan at 9 o'clock Sunday morning and at once lodged him in the Lake county jail. The constable and his charge had to take a log train from Summit Lake to Antigo and were on the road traveling continuously from 1 until 9 a. m., when they arrived at Waukegan.

It is said that some of the Flood girl's letters are in possession of Mrs. Kranz, but that she was ignorant of the whole matter and is an entirely innocent party, as innocent as the girl herself.

It is suspected by relatives of the

Flood girl and by officers of the law that Kranz may have had other girls on the string also, and that he led a career as a professional heart breaker, although to date no evidence of this has come to light.

The whole story is as sad as a one as has come to light in this county in many a day and efforts were made at once to straighten out the tangle and right a long list of what appear to be downright wrongs.

Kranz returned to Chicago a week ago Saturday.

AGED MAN

PASSED AWAY

SATURDAY LAST

Saturday, February 25, 1911, marked the passing away of Mr. Noah Yaw, one of the oldest residents of Camp Lake. He was born November 12, 1827, in the state of Massachusetts and passed away at the age of 83 years, 3 months and 13 days, advancing age being the cause.

He was united in marriage to Miss Hannah Lake in his native state in 1846 and came to Lake county in the same year where they lived until 1872 when they removed to Kenosha county, Wis.

To this union was born four children,

Mrs. Emma Blanchard, who died June 17, 1890, the three surviving being Henry Yaw, Mrs. Sylvia Webster and Miss Grace Yaw. Mr. Yaw had been a widower since the year 1907. Besides his three children, he leaves to mourn, 14 grandchildren and 16 great grandchildren. The funeral services were held on Monday at the Liberty church, Rev. Stixrud officiating. Burial was at Liberty cemetery.

If Not True, It Ought to Be.

Lord Derby's remark to the prince consort as to the difficulty there would be in forming an administration if its members had to pass an examination of naval cadets standard may be paralleled by a story which Lord Lyttelton's friends used to tell against him. His handwriting was one of the worst. The story ran that he put in at the table of the House of Lords an amendment to the reform bill of 1887, proposing that nobody who could not read and write legibly should be entitled to vote. Next day it was returned by the clerk as illegible and incapable of entry in the journals without further explanation. If this story is not true, as Lord Fitzmaurice hints, it ought to have been.—London Chronicle.

Grocery Price Reduction

Buy your groceries at your home town and save money. For this week we offer the following specials

7 bars Galvanic soap25c	6 bars Amber soap.....25c	3 packages Mince Meat.....25c
10 bars Calumet Family soap 25c	2 1/2 lbs. Granulated Sugar.....\$1.00	1 lb. very best Tea.....45c
1 doz. boxes of Matches.....18c	1 doz. boxes of Matches.....18c	5 gal. Kerosene.....45c
2 large boxes Johnson's Wash- ing Powder25c	1 bbl. Gold Medal Flour.....\$1.45	1 package Yeast Foam.....4c
2 large boxes Mother's Wash- ing Soap.....25c	3 packages Corn Flakes.....25c	10 lb. sack Table Salt 8c
	1 can California Peaches.....19c	3 pkg. Shredded Wheat.....35c
	1 can California Cherries15c	

SPECIAL REDUCTIONS IN DRY GOODS

1.50 corsets, all late styles, all sizes, each....\$1.20	Percale, 36 in. wide, fast color, new design, yard.....9c	Ladies' 50c ribbed under-shirts.....39c
1.25 corsets, latest styles, all sizes.....95c	Gingham, Red Seal, yd.....12c	Ladies' 50c ribbed drawers..39c
50c corsets, late styles, all sizes.....38c	Flannelette, best quality, heavy, yard.....8c	Men's 50c ribbed shirts.....38c
		Men's 50c ribbed drawers..39c
		Children's 35c union suit.....19c

BIG CUT IN CHILDREN'S RUBBERS AND OVERSHOES
All Gloves and Mittens displayed on our counters 25 per cent off the regular prices

A. ROTH, Lake Villa, Illinois

Successor to D. Sugar

THE MODEL CLOTHING HOUSE

118 Washington St., Waukegan.

Telephone 505

Carries the largest stock of men's and boys' ready to wear clothing, sweater coats, hats, caps, shoes, and in fact everything you need for men or boys. Our stock of work clothing such as overalls, shirts and pants is very large.

The Old Reliable ONE PRICE

Premium tickets are still given and all the old ones are still good.

C. W. Tomquist

Phone 469

M'g'r.

LOCAL ITEMS

Local Announcements and the
Elgin Butter Market

ELGIN, ILL., Feb. 27—Butter firm at 25¢. Output for the week, 450,400 lbs.

Genuine \$2.00 Douglas work shoes at Webb's.

Joseph Turner of Grayslake was in Antioch Monday.

Dr. W. W. Warriner was a Chicago passenger Monday.

See my special window of boys' 39c pants. Chase Webb.

Dr. H. F. Beebe transacted business in Chicago Tuesday.

Martin Sorenson has rented the James cottage on Orchard street.

Mrs. J. H. Goodrich is spending this week with relatives at Milwaukee.

James H. Swan of Libertyville was a business caller in Antioch Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Verrier moved on Monday to the Coyne farm north of town.

The best stock food at Webb's. Your money refunded if it does not do the business.

Nels Nelson moved this week onto the farm which he purchased of Jas. Guldige last fall.

For Sale—Five full blood Gernsey bulls call on or address J. Benedict, on the Gavin farm, Ingleside, Ill.

Dr. H. F. Beebe and family moved into the L. K. Willett house on Lake street the latter part of last week.

For sale—A house and lot on Main street belonging to the Ira Webb estate. Inquire of Chase Webb. 27-2t

Brook & Garrett will have an auction sale on the Cannon farm south-east of town on Friday, March 10, beginning at 1 o'clock.

John Strang will have an auction sale of horses and cattle, at his farm at Millburn on Wednesday, March 8, beginning at ten o'clock.

For sale—Three full bred Rhode Island Red cockerels, dark mahogany color, and two Silver Laced Wyandotte cockerels. Address Box 25, Antioch, Ill. 27-2t

Eli Judd, who has been spending the past few months at the home of his daughter, at Tunnel City, Wis., returned to his home here the latter part of the week.

Indian Silos—Wm Stoffel, McHenry, Ill., agent for northern and western Lake County. Special discount for early orders. A postal card will bring us to your place. 13m4

William Payne of Chicago is painting and redecorating the entire interior of Greenacres and when finished it will be one of the most artistic and modern residences in the locality.

There will be English Lutheran services at the Christian church next Sunday, held by Rev. Jedele of Wilmet. Sermon at 2:30 p. m., Sunday school after service. Everybody invited.

A petition is being circulated by the highway commissioners for the levying of a special assessment gravel tax of 30 cents on the \$100 to gravel the north and south road from Porter's Corners as far south as the Lake Villa corporation and from Lightner's Corners north to the state line.

The dance given by the M. W. A. Band last Tuesday evening was a decided success. A large crowd was in attendance and a most enjoyable time was had by all. Miss Lillie Horton received the largest number of votes as the most popular young lady and was awarded the gold watch.

I hold in my possession one fifteen jeweled Elgin watch. Said watch is fitted in a twenty-five year gold filled case, which I will offer to the highest bidder for cash on Saturday, March 4th, at two o'clock p. m., in front of Williams Bros. store. F. G. Hooper, Marshal.

The House and Senate adjourned last week until Wednesday of this week. Little business was transacted beyond the introduction of bills. The Senate passed the Henson marriage bill which provides that applicants for a marriage license who are under age must secure a license in the county in which their parents or guardians reside.

Sheriff Elmer Green, sheriff of Lake county and one of the "best fellows" who ever wore shoe leather, was today made the recipient of a handsome and valuable gold star, with a black enamel inscription, the gift being made by Lee McDonough on behalf of friends. The presentation was informal. The star is a splendid one.

The Evanston basketball team will play a return game with the Allendale boys in their new gymnasium next Saturday afternoon. The Allendale team has been in hard training for the game and some pretty good playing is expected. The boys are justly proud of the fine new ball presented to them by E. L. Bradley and hope to make a good showing this time.

New samples for spring suits at Webb's.

Elmer Stickles spent Sunday at Libertyville.

Dr. E. H. Ames was a Chicago visitor Monday.

A fine line of remnants for waists and skirts at Mrs. Watson's.

Tom Ayling of Chicago spent a couple of days this week in Antioch.

Geo. Yopp is moving onto the Chas. Harden farm recently purchased by B. F. Naber.

We furnish 100 drinking cups to those who have their auction bills printed at this office.

Thomas Burnett and wife of Libertyville were over Sunday visitors with home folks.

Miss Minnie Lux left Wednesday evening for a month's visit with friends at Grand Island, Neb.

Mrs. Dan Nelson returned last week from Kansas where she has been visiting for the past six weeks.

Mrs. Forbrick this week moved from the James cottage to the Mary Williams house on the same street.

Bert Bown will have an auction sale of cattle at his farm on Saturday, March 4, beginning at 1:00 p. m. sharp.

Mrs. Chase Webb and Mrs. Eva Kaye entertained the Seven-Eleven club at the home of the former Monday evening.

Mrs. Ada Armstrong and children will leave next week for Spokane, Wash., where she will keep house for her uncle.

Situation wanted—By boy of 16 on a farm to do chores. Address George Ginter, 7630 W. Adams street, Forest Park, Ill.

On account of having decided to remove to California to reside, Chet Allen will have an auction sale on Tuesday, March 14.

A number of the school mates of Laurel Powles gave him a surprise at his home Monday evening. All present spent a most pleasant evening.

Mrs. Margaret Hockney left Wednesday for a couple of weeks' visit at Milwaukee, and before her return expects to visit at St. Paul and Minneapolis.

The Senate at Washington today by a vote of 54 to 33 defeated the resolution designed to bring about the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people.

See Alden, Biding & Co. for anything in music. Pianos, phonographs and records. Two stores, 473 Market street, Kenosha, and 209 N. Genesee street, Waukegan. For piano tuning send to us.

On account of a case of diphtheria having developed in the district the Grimm school has been closed for a couple of weeks to prevent a spread of the disease. So far no new cases have been reported and it is not thought likely that any more will follow.

Collector Walter Taylor on Wednesday received notice from County Treasurer Waterfield that the tax books must be returned not later than March 15, and all who have not paid their taxes by that time will have to take them to Waukegan. Remember the dates that he will be at the various places and make it a point to meet him there.

The last meeting of the season of the Cinch club was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Cobb Tuesday evening. The evening was pleasantly spent in playing cinch and euchre after which an oyster supper was served. After satisfying the inner man various games were indulged in until a late hour. All returned home declaring their host and hostess royal entertainers. Those present were: Messrs and Mesdames M. M. Burke, A. Little, P. Dibble, F. Rhymer, I. Paddock, R. Runyard, Wm. Neutheum, and R. Wilton, Mrs. Little, Mrs. Winslow, Mrs. Council, Misses Hazel Wilton, Mabel Rhymer, Helen Burke, Marguerite Paddock, Edna and Meretta Little, Mary Paddock, Marguerite and Helen McCullough, Ida Runyard and Louisa Little, Messrs. Wm. Rhymer, Harold Craft, Richard Hook, Krum and Charles Blunt, Jos. Rhymer, Sid and Henry Dibble, Will and Lute Soule, Henry Little, Sam Armstrong, Peter Burke, Peter Sorenson, Lewie Burke, Andrew and Ben Cobb, Paul and Orin Neutheum, Melvin and Robert Runyard, Oliver Cobb, Otis Delph, Louis and Charles Paddock and Ray Smith.

100 pair of boys' knee pants, sizes 14 to 16 years, worth 50c and 75c, to close out at 39 cents at Webb's.

Might Have Been Different. A New Jersey justice has decided that it is not a crime to steal an umbrella on a rainy day. Of course it was not his umbrella.

LORIMER IS
SEATED BY
THE SENATE

News from Washington Wednesday states that the United States Senate by a vote of 46 to 40, decided that United States Senator William Lorimer is entitled to his seat in the Senate.

This decision of the high body in Congress, ends the biggest fight against a man on the charge that he was elected through bribery that has ever been known in the Senate.

The vote of the senate ends the matter finally and Lorimer thus wins a victory, the vote also carrying with it the inference that a majority of the Senate believes Mr. Lorimer was not elected through fraud, bribery, etc.

The case has attracted attention of the nation for many months and it had been felt quite generally lately, that from the attitude of the senators, Lorimer would win out and be seated.

Lines in Memory of Mrs. H. S. Colegrove Who Died February 22, 1911

Long is the pilgrimage she has made,
Limbs were a weary and steps were slow.

Heavy the burdens the earth life laid;
Burdens that come as the swift years go.

Burdens of love even though they were;
Burdens still that were hard to bear;
Many the sorrows they brought to her;
Many the days that were full of care.

Dim were the eyes, and the wrinkled face,
The withered hands, and the form bent low,

Told of the toils that she had to face;
Told of the pulse that was getting slow.

Friends of her youth she had seen depart;
Husband and son, each with hairs grown gray;

Pains of the body and pains of the heart,
Met her, and buffeted, on life's way.

Home was the spot that she loved the best;
Children and grand children met her there;

Now they are bearing her to rest,
Glad to remember she's free from care.

Lovingly lay her away in the grave;
Only remember the good that she did;
Where the green grass in the soft breeze will wave,
Knowing with God all her life's work is hid.

Card of Thanks
We wish to thank our many friends for the kindness shown us during the death and burial of our beloved mother, also the singers and those who brought flowers.

Ambrose Colegrove.
Misses Louiza and Edith Colegrove.

Adjudication Notice.

Public notice is hereby given that the subscriber, administratrix, of the estate of Charles M. Manley, deceased, will attend the County Court of Lake County, at a term thereof to be held at the Court House in Waukegan, in said County, on the first Monday of May next, 1911, when and where all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to present the same to said Court for adjudication.

JAMES L. SWAYER, Administrator.
Whitney, Dady & Runyard, Attorneys.
Waukegan, Illinois, March 1, 1911. 26w3

A Floor Night Alarm is the hoarse, startling cough of a child, suddenly attacked by croup. Often it aroused Lewis Chamblin, of Manchester, O., [R. R. No. 2] for their four children were greatly subject to croup. "Sometimes in severe attacks," he wrote, "we were afraid they would die, but since we proved what a certain remedy Dr. King's New Discovery is, we have no fear. We rely on it for croup and for coughs, colds or any throat or lung trouble." So do thousands of others. So may you. Asthma, hay fever, lagrippe, whooping cough, hemorrhages fly before it. 50c and \$1. Trial bottle free. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Tax Notice.

The taxes for the Town of Antioch are now due, and I will be at Chase Webb's store in Antioch on Wednesdays and Saturdays, and at W. L. Rowling's, Lake Villa, on Friday of each week.

W. T. TAYLOR, Collector.

Kills a Murderer

A merciless murderer is appendicitis with many victims, but Dr. King's New Life Pills kill it by prevention. They gently stimulate stomach, liver and bowels, preventing that clogging that invites appendicitis, curing constipation, headache, biliousness, chills. 25c at J. H. Swan's.

Wants Longer Nights.

"Have you joined the More Daylight club?" he asked.
"I should say not. It's all I can do now to get home before daylight," replied the old rounder.—Detroit Free Press.

AN INCOMPARABLE LIGHT

A Helper That Never Tires

ARE EACH AVAILABLE AT
THE TOUCH OF A BUTTON

When your Home is Equipped with Electricity

It is Luxurious in Everything but Cost

Electric Service is possible to any income under our plan of wiring houses at cost 24 MONTHS TO PAY, NO INTEREST.

North Shore Electric Company

JOINT SERVICE

BELL TELEPHONE AND
WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH

Every Bell Telephone a Telegraph Station

Effective February 1, 1911

If you are a subscriber to the Bell Telephone System and wish to send a Telegram, a Night Letter or a Cablegram, use your Telephone.

Say "Telegram" to the operator and you will be connected with a Western Union office from which your message will be sent by telegraph and charged in your monthly account.

At night, on Sunday or Holidays, when the local telegraph office may be closed, you will be connected with an open Western Union office without additional charge.

Telegrams and Cablegrams may also be sent from our Public Pay Stations. The arrangements vary at different classes of stations, but as rapidly as possible we shall equip them with full directions.

Chicago.
Telephone Company

Spring Goods

Are now coming in. Shoes in all the new, up-to-date styles and lasts. Come in and look them over.

See our Ladies' patent, cloth top, button shoe, on the swell Manhattan last at..... \$3.25

The same style shoe in Vici Kid at \$3.00

We also have the same last in Gun Metal, button or blucher at \$3.00

ANTIOCH CASH SHOE STORE

GOOD SHOES

See my line of 1910 Wall Paper Samples and get my prices before letting contract

NICK WEINDEL

Painter and Paper Hanger

All Work done in First Class Manner

ANTIOCH, ILL.

J. C. JAMES, JR.
UNDERTAKER
LICENSED EMBALMER
Licensed by the State Board of Health

BANK OF ANTIOCH,

EDWARD BROOK,
BANKER.BUY AND SELL EXCHANGE,
AND DO A GENERAL
BANKING BUSINESS.

M. A. HULETT

VETERINARY SURGEON
ANTIOCH ILLINOIS

J. C. JAMES, JR.

Justice of the Peace and Notary Public

REAL ESTATE

Both Farm and Lake Property

Fire Insurance Agent for Several
Good CompaniesAccidental and Life Insurance, Reasonable
Rates and Good CompaniesJ. C. JAMES, JR.
Antioch, IllinoisW. J. WHITE
Funeral Director
Lady Assistant - Licensed Embalmer
Calls Answered Day or Night
Phone 313 Antioch, Ill.

T. N. DONNELLY & Co.

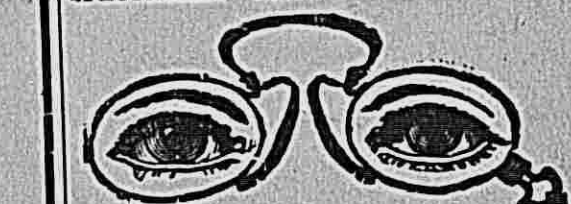
Loan and Diamond Brokers

New No. 24 and 26, N. Dearborn, st.
118 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ALL KINDS JEWELRY
at less than cost At half the price you pay the
regular stores Dec 19 01 71

E. V. ORVIS

Lawyer and Notary Public. Practice all courts
Farm property for sale. Damage suits and
collections of wages a specialty. Fire and
Life Insurance.201 Washington St.
WAUKEGAN, ILLINOISLOTUS CAMP No. 567 M. W. A.
meets at 7:30 the first and third
Monday evening of every month
in Woodmen hall, Antioch, Illinois
Visiting Neighbors always welcome
L. M. HUGHES, V. C.
J. C. JAMES, Jr. Clerk.SEQUOIT LODGE, No. 877, A. F. & A. M., hold
regular communications the first and third
Wednesday evenings of every month. Visiting
Brethren always welcome.FRANK HUBER, Sec'y
The Eastern Star meets Second and Fourth
Thursdays of each month.
MABEL GRIMM, W. M.
IDA OSBORN, Sec'y.

SPECTACLES SCIENTIFICALLY FITTED

C. F. INGALLS & BRO.
Jewelers and Opticians.

112 Genesee St. Waukegan, Ill.

Flour Prices

49 lb. Cloth Sack, Ceresota
Flour

\$1.40

In Barrel lots, 4 Sacks

\$5.40

F. D. BATTERSHALL

General Merchandise

Grayslake, Illinois

REJECT ROADS' PLEA

COMMERCE COMMISSION UNANIMOUSLY DECIDE AGAINST INCREASE IN RATES.

ADVANCE IS NOT NECESSARY

Decision Shows Carriers to Be Prosperous—Do Not Need Larger Revenue to Maintain Their Credit or Insure Against Adversity.

Washington.—The interstate commerce commission in a decision handed down Thursday rules against the railroads in both the eastern and the western rate cases.

The railroads are prohibited from advancing first-class rates and they are ordered to reduce second-class rates.

The commission shows that at the moment when the railroads were arguing their justification for a raise they were eminently prosperous. The decisions were by unanimous vote of the commission.

The report, written by Commissioner Franklin K. Lane, is an elaborate, optimistic review of the American railway situation.

Despite what the railroad reports say of the considerable increase in wages and the increase in the cost of fuel, the last six months of the year 1910, in which the new wage schedules were in effect, the report shows for the carriers the largest operating income they have ever enjoyed.

The report opens with a consideration of the effect of railroad rate regulation had upon the revenues of the carriers, in which it is shown that, by reason of the law and its enforcement, the railroads have been protected against each other. As a result the revenues of the carriers have increased under regulation and their dividends and their surplus have also increased as in no other period of their history. In the past ten years the railroads of the United States have borrowed over four and one-half billion dollars, or twice the amount of the national debt at the close of the Civil war.

This is evidence of the faith the public has in these properties. The rate of dividends and the total amount has increased more rapidly than the additional mileage built. The western roads have increased their surplus over 100 per cent. in ten years.

Comment is made upon the fact that the railroads are now seeking to increase rates which were voluntarily made by them under competitive conditions and which they admit could not be increased under such conditions. The carriers are seeking to gain the benefits of protective legislation and at the same time asking for a free hand and criticizing the law for the restraints which it casts upon them. It is found that the carriers do not need larger revenue for purposes of maintaining their credit or insuring them against temporary adversity.

The report closes with these words: "We shall ask the carriers to withdraw the proposed tariffs and, if such action is not taken, the commission will further suspend these rates and make an order directing the maintenance of present rates for a period of two years."

FIGHT ON FLOOR OF HOUSE

Mondell of Wyoming and Wickersham of Alaska Come to Blows Over Alaska Bill.

Washington.—Violent language boomed and blows were struck in the house Thursday when Representative Mondell of Wyoming and Delegate Wickersham of Alaska clashed over the former's bill for leasing coal lands in Alaska.

Delegate Wickersham, in opposing the Mondell bill, quoted from his statement from the interior department.

"That is a lie," said Mondell, in an undertone, turning in his seat to speak to Mr. Durt of South Dakota. "You are a liar if you say that," shouted Wickersham, who had overheard.

Both men then apologized to the house for the language used and the house killed the bill that had caused the trouble. After the adjournment friends of the two men tried to effect a reconciliation, but without success.

State Troops Awe Strikers.

Taylorville, Ill.—Fearing he could not maintain order at the plant of the M. Z. Paper Bag company in this city, where a strike and lockout has been in force for some time, Sheriff Smith of Christian county Friday called on Governor Deneen for troops. The governor received assurance from other county officials that the situation was serious and at once ordered four companies of state troops from Springfield and Decatur to proceed at once to this city. Since the soldiers reached here no disturbances have occurred.

Fatal Accident in Auto Factory.

Lansing, Mich.—Henry Schriber and P. D. Schriber were probably fatally hurt and Arthur Wilcox was badly burned by an explosion of gasoline at the factory of the Reo Motor company Friday.

RATIFY JAP TREATY

SENATE VOTES TO CONFIRM NEW CONVENTION.

Japanese Give Written Assurance That Government Will Regulate Emigration of Coolies.

Washington.—The new Japan treaty was ratified Friday by the senate on the understanding that Japan will not impose coolies on the United States.

The objection to the convention has consistently been that it did not throw sufficient safeguards around the immigration of Japanese to the United States. Opposition was made to it by the people of California, and by their state legislature and by the people of the Pacific states generally.

President Taft personally pushed the ratification of the treaty by his assurances to the governor of California that the question of immigration was effectively covered by the Japanese declaration, which appears above and which has been declared the treaty's efficiency and sufficiency.

The treaty was taken up for the third time in the senate and after two hours' discussion was ratified.

The western senators who had continuously opposed the treaty, reluctantly voted for it, it is understood, while not surrendering any of their opinions that grave consequences might ensue from this peculiar document.

The sole basis for the belief that immigration is safeguarded is the following personal statement for his government of Baron Uchida.

"In proceeding this day to the signature of the treaty of commerce and navigation between Japan and the United States, the undersigned Japanese ambassador in Washington duly authorized by his government, has the honor to declare that the Imperial Japanese government are fully prepared to maintain with equal effectiveness the limitation and control which they have for the past three years exercised in regulation of the emigration of laborers to the United States.

(Signed) "Y. UCHIDA."

This was deemed sufficient certainty by the president and the state department and the president was active in his efforts to impress the California legislature with his view of the treaty's efficiency and sufficiency.

Although the text of the treaty has been published the injunction of secrecy has not been removed and so far as the senate is considered it continues as a confidential document.

FRENCH MINISTRY IS OUT

Cabinet Resigns Following Victory By Only 16 Votes—Causes Sensation in Political Circles.

Paris.—Premier Briand and the members of his cabinet tendered their resignations to President Faillieres Monday.

The bare majority of sixteen, which the government received Friday night in a vote of confidence in the chamber of deputies, following the premier's arraignment on a charge of clericalism by the radical Socialists, Louis Malvy and Paul Meunier, was a sore blow to the premier and his associates, who had been sustained many times in previous crises by much larger votes. In the end, M. Briand declared that he was "sick of it all."

The decision of the ministry to withdraw caused an enormous political sensation. The conservative newspapers are sounding a note of alarm. They declare that the forces of extreme radicalism are triumphing over sane and progressive reform, regarding the clerical issue, which was raised, as a mere pretext to attain Briand's downfall.

The vote in the chamber of deputies is interpreted as the result of an intrigue among Briand's adversaries in his own party, who have been plotting his overthrow since the great crisis in the railway strike.

DIRECT VOTE BILL IS HIT

Passage of Sutherland Amendment May Defeat Whole Proposal—Final Roll Call Tuesday.

Washington.—The Sutherland amendment, which is expected, will accomplish the defeat of the resolution for the direct election of senators, was adopted in the senate by a vote of 50 to 37.

The senate also agreed that the final vote on the resolution as a whole should be taken on Tuesday.

The Sutherland amendment provides that the federal government shall retain control over the election of senators and prescribe the qualifications of voters therefor. This has frightened many southern Democrats, who fear that the federal government could thereby interfere with their disfranchisement of the negroes.

Senator Borah, who is in charge of the resolution, charges that the amendment was supported with this cunning end in view.

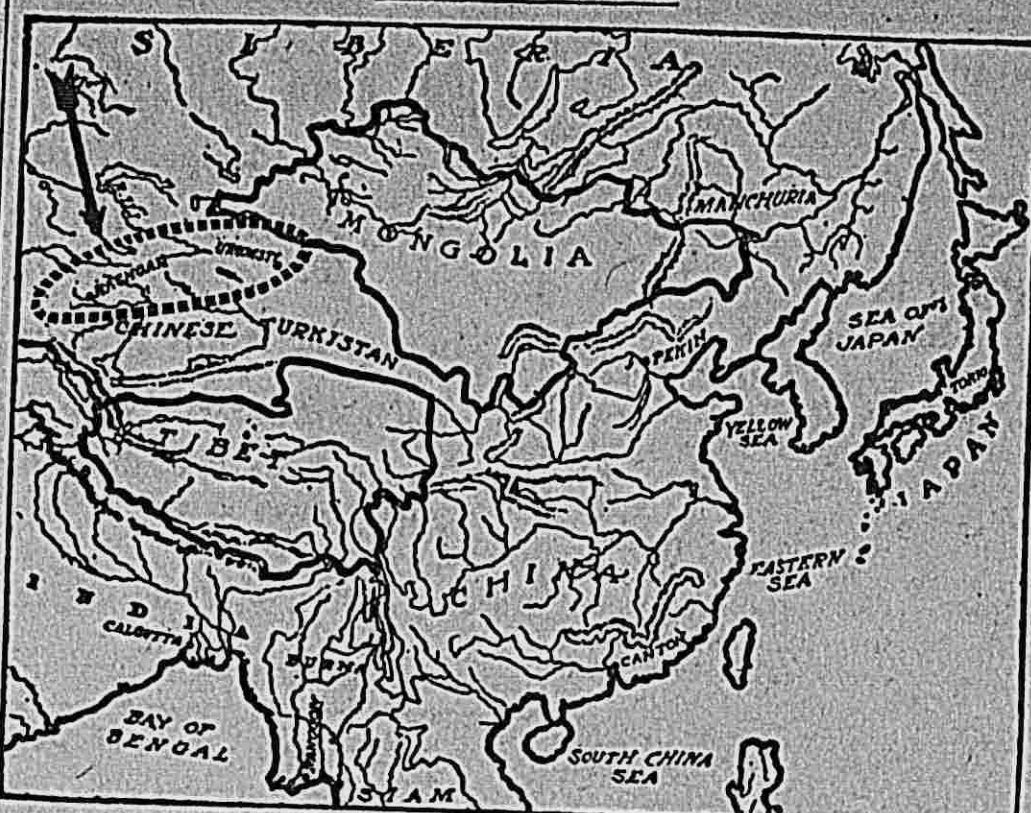
Taft at Coachman's Funeral.

Washington.—President and Mrs. Taft Saturday attended the funeral of Edward McQuade, coachman for Secretary of War Dickinson, who was killed in a runaway in which he saved the life of three-year-old Helen Dickinson.

Dynamite Suspect Held.

Chillicothe, O.—A man giving his name as Isaac Sachs was arrested here Saturday in connection with the quest for the Los Angeles Times building dynamites.

SCENE OF THREATENED WAR



Map Showing Where Russia Is Making a Demonstration Against China.

TO PROTECT DITCH

HOUSE DECIDES BY OVERWHELMING VOTE TO FORTIFY PANAMA CANAL.

AID IS GIVEN BY DEMOCRATS

Twenty Republicans Refuse to Support Measure Providing for Batteries to Guard Big Waterway—Sentiment in Senate Is Favorable.

Washington.—By an overwhelming vote the house of representatives Saturday night appropriated \$3,000,000 to begin work on the fortification of the Panama canal. The total cost of protecting the big waterway will be about \$12,000,000.

There is no doubt of the result in the senate, where the sentiment is said to be two to one in favor of protecting the waterway with land batteries.

The house disposed of the question after nearly five hours of debate. The real test came on an amendment proposed by Representative Tawney of Minnesota, chairman of the committee on appropriations, providing that no part of the \$3,000,000 should be used until the president of the United States had attempted to negotiate treaties with all of the leading maritime nations guaranteeing the neutrality and international protection of the canal.

The Tawney amendment then was voted down by 130 to 63. A motion by Representative Kiefer of Ohio to strike out all provision for the fortification of the canal was lost by a vote of 135 to 61.

The real interest in the debate seemed to center in the Tawney amendment, and the speeches made for and against it by Mr. Tawney and Mr. Sherley. Mr. Tawney, a stalwart Republican, looked to the Democratic side for sympathy and applause and received both. Mr. Sherley, one of the Democratic leaders of the house, was accorded an ovation by the Republican members. The defection of about twenty Republicans from the general policy of fortification was offset by a similar defection on the Democratic side in favor of fortification.

In passing the sundry civil bill carrying approximately \$140,000,000, and of which the canal fortification provision was the last feature to be considered, the house made a new record. Never before has this biggest of all supply bills been put through in two days without any sort of "gag rule." It is taken as another evidence that the house is doing all it can to avoid an extra session.

SENATE BRIBERY CASE FAILS

Jury Acquits Frank J. Gardner of New York of Offering \$10,000 to Influence Vote.

New York.—The state's first endeavor to make a criminal case out of an alleged attempt to purchase legislators' votes to defeat the anti-race betting bills three years ago has collapsed. After an hour's deliberation a jury in the criminal branch of the supreme court acquitted former State Senator Frank J. Gardner, who was charged with offering a \$10,000 bribe to former State Senator Otto G. Foelker, who is now a congressman.

Dickinson's Driver Killed.

Washington.—Edward McQuade, for nearly twenty-five years coachman for the secretary of war, was killed in a runaway accident here. He was driving Secretary Dickinson's two-year-old granddaughter, Helen Dickinson, and Miss Dunning, her governess, both of whom, with the footman, escaped injury. The horses were frightened by a piece of paper blown by the wind.

Port-au-Prince in Peril.

Kingsfon, Jamaica.—According to advices received here Sunday the British consul at Port-au-Prince, Haiti, has telegraphed for a warship to protect British interests. A general rising in that city is imminent.

Carnegie Cash Held Tainted.

Crooksville, O.—Andrew Carnegie's money is "tainted," say union potterers of this city, and they have protested the acceptance of \$20,000 from him to construct a Carnegie public library.

PACT UP TO SENATE

COMMITTEE REPORT M'CALL BILL WITHOUT RECOMMENDATION.

No Amendments Adopted—Measure Is Submitted in Exact Form as Passed by House.

Washington.—The senate finance committee ordered the McCall bill to carry out the Canadian reciprocity agreement reported to the senate without recommendation. The vote against a recommendation was 7 to 6.

The action of the finance committee in ordering the McCall bill reported without recommendation came after two votes had been taken on propositions to make recommendations on the bill and each had failed by a margin of one. There was only one course open to the committee if the pledge to President Taft not to smother the bill was to be kept. That was to return the bill to the senate without advice, and this motion was at once submitted by Acting Chairman Burrows. It carried unanimously.

No amendments to the bill were adopted, and it will come up on the floor of the senate, therefore, in the exact form in which it was passed by the house.

\$130,000 IN GEMS STOLEN

Widow of Marshall Field, Jr., Is Robbed of Jewels on Board Atlantic Steamship.

New York.—As the Hamburg-American liner Amerika reached quarantine Sunday a wireless message was flashed to the Hoboken police headquarters asking that a detective meet the vessel to investigate the theft of jewelry worth \$130,000, the property of Mrs. Malvina Drummond, who was the widow of Marshall Field, Jr., of Chicago.

Some time between 10:30 p. m. Saturday and five o'clock Sunday morning Mrs. Drummond's stateroom was entered and her valuable jewelry, that she had thrown into a drawer of her writing table, was stolen.

Most of the jewelry was purchased in New York and it is so well known that it will be a difficult task for the thief or thieves to dispose of it on this side of the Atlantic.

HULL IN FAREWELL SPEECH

Iowa Congressman Urges That Army Be Increased by Addition of 250,000 Men.

Washington.—In his farewell speech to the house after a service of twenty years in that body, Representative Hull of Iowa, chairman of the committee on military affairs, urged upon congress the necessity of supplementing the regular army of this country with an effective reserve force of 250,000 trained men. Mr. Hull said he did not believe that war was imminent, but that so long as war remained a possibility it was criminal negligence not to make proper preparation for it.

Mr. Hull said that such a force as he proposed could be maintained for \$20,000,000 a year.

NEW CURB ON JEWS IN RUSSIA

Ministers Limit Number of Those Who May Take Up Residence Outside Pale.

St. Petersburg.—The council of ministers has rendered a decision that Jews are admissible to the state secondary examination only in the percentage fixed for their admission to state high schools. Heretofore Jews had been admitted in unlimited numbers to the examinations, success in passing which gave them the right of residence outside the pale.

Coulton Retains His Title.

New Orleans.—Before a crowd of 5,000 at the West Side Athletic club in McDonoughville Sunday Johnny Coulton, the Chicago stock yards wonder, successfully defended his title as world's champion bantamweight over Frankie Conley.

Crown Prince Starts Home.

Bombay.—Crown Prince Frederick William of Germany sailed for home Saturday. His visit in the far east was cut short owing to the prevalence of the plague.

JUST LIKE EM.



First College Student—Don't you think some people ask a good many fool questions in letters?
Second College Student—Yes. Now, my father always wants to know if I'm a bank.

COULD NOT STAND SUFFERING FROM SKIN ERUPTION

"I have been using Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment for the past three months and I am glad to say that they cured me of a most annoying skin eruption. It began by my noticing red blotches appearing on my face and scalp. Although they were rather disfiguring, I did not think anything of them until they began to burn and dry and to itch and get so bad that I could not stand the suffering. Then I began to use a different soap, thinking that my old kind might be hurting me, but that didn't seem to do any good. I went to two different doctors but neither seemed to relieve me any. I lost many nights' sleep in continual scratching, sometimes scratching till I drew the blood on my face and head. Then I started in to use the Cuticura Remedies and in two months I was entirely relieved of that awful pest. I am so delighted over my cure by Cuticura Remedies that I shall be glad to tell anybody about it." (Signed) G. M. Macfarland, 221 West 116th St., New York City, Oct. 5, 1910.

Cuticura Soap (25c) and Cuticura Ointment (50c) are sold throughout the world. Send to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., sole props., 135 Columbus Ave., Boston, for free book on skin and scalp diseases and their treatment.

Not a Lucrative Job.
Friend—So your friend has left college. What is he in?
Pater—Debt.

USE ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE
The antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes. It makes your feet feel easy and comfortable and makes walking a delight. Sold everywhere. See *Refuse* substitutes. For free trial package, address Allen S. Olmstead, LeRoy, N.Y.

Sympathy sometimes means sitting in a car and passing out soft words to lame folk.

Garfield Tea purifies the blood, cleanses the system, clears the complexion, eradicates disease and promotes Good Health.

The measure of what we love and admire is the measure of our own worth.—Dobson.

FILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
Four druggists will refund money if PAIN EXTRACTANT fails to cure any case of itching, blind, bleeding or protruding files in 6 to 14 days. 60c.

A woman always fears she won't be in time for the bargain sale.

Better health is sure to follow the use of the natural Herb laxative, Garfield Tea. All druggists.

The ocean is crossed in love—by a number of bridal parties.

The satisfying quality in Lewis' Single Binders found in no other 5c cigar.

A girl is always sure her latest love is the real thing.

ALFALFA CLOVER.

Salzer's strain of hardy, luxuriant Alfalfa Clover grows everywhere and brings from two to five mowings annually. It's the vigorous, healthy kind planted by Ex-Gov. Board of Wisconsin and thousands of other successful farmers throughout the U. S. We are the largest growers of clovers, grasses, seed oats, wheat, rye, rye, barley, potatoes, etc., in America.

For 10c in stamps we mail you:
1 Pkt. Luxuriant Hardy Alfalfa Clover.
1 Pkt. Billion 8 Grass—the 10 Ton wonder.
1 Pkt. Silver King Barley—175 Bu per A.
1 Pkt. Bonanza Oats—Sworn yield 250 Bu. per A., winning 4 Farms in 1910.
1 Pkt. Speltz—the cereal hay marvel.

And 5 or more other packages farm seed novelties or rarities, together with our big catalog, bristling with seed truths all for but 10c in stamps, or send 25c and we add a big package famous French bean coffee, John A. Salzer Seed Co., 182 South 8th St., La Crosse, Wis.

Inconsistency often means those deeds in another which I only half understand.

Druggists everywhere sell Garfield Tea, the Herb laxative. It acts as a gentle aid to Nature.

What women feel is more convincing to them than what men know.

Lewis' Single Binder gives the smoker a rich, mellow-tasting 5c cigar.

Intervention in love is equivalent to a declaration of war.

Nothing Too Good

for you. That's why we want you to take CASCARETS for liver and bowels. It's not advertising talk—but merit—the great, wonderful, lasting merit of CASCARETS that we want you to know by trial. Then you'll have faith—and join the millions who keep well by CASCARETS alone.

CASCARETS are a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Millions boxes a month.



Kow-Kure

is not a "food"—it is a medicine, and the only medicine in the world for cows only. Made for the cow and, as its name indicates, a cow cure. Boreness, retained afterbirth, abortion, scours, milk fever, and all similar ailments positively and quickly cured. No one who keeps cows, whether many or few, can afford to be without Kow-Kure. It is made especially to keep cows healthy. Our book, "What to Do When Your Cows Are Sick," sent free. Ask your local dealer for "Kow-Kure," or send to the manufacturer, Dairy Association Co., Lyndonville, Vt.

Common Sense Exterminator

A 25c Can Will Kill 500 Rats
They leave every food for it. One can will kill a rat. No odor—it dries up the carcass. For 19 years our offer has stood. Money back if not satisfied. Common Sense Cock Roach Exterminator also does perfect work.
Sold by All Dealers.
If not at yours write us a postal and we will see that you are supplied.
COMMON SENSE DEFG. CO., 20 Niagara Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

FAULTY METABOLISM AS A COMMON CAUSE OF DISEASE.

Is the subject discussed in Bulletin No. 1 of the Shafer Pathological Laboratory. The Bulletin is sent free on request and will prove interesting to everyone in Pain and Poor Health.
Address: John F. Shafer, M.D., 457 Penn Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

HOUSEWIVES—We can give you some pointers of vital interest regarding your linens and crockery. The cost will surprise you. Send for free booklet.
Boswellman Repertoire Co., 1129 Pacific St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

INDIAN RELICS WANTED of copper and stone. Write and tell me what you have. H. F. MARLTON, The Rivers, Wis.

Strong Healthy Women

If a woman is strong and healthy in a womanly way, motherhood means to her but little suffering. The trouble lies in the fact that the many women suffer from weakness and disease of the distinctly feminine organism and are unfitted for motherhood. This can be remedied.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

Cures the weaknesses and disorders of women. It acts directly on the delicate and important organs concerned in motherhood, making them healthy, strong, vigorous, virile and elastic.

"Favorite Prescription" banishes the indispositions of the period of expectancy and makes baby's advent easy and almost painless. It quickens and vitalizes the feminine organs, and insures a healthy and robust baby. Thousands of women have testified to its marvelous merits.

It Makes Weak Women Strong. It Makes Sick Women Well. Honest druggists do not offer substitutes, and urge them upon you as "just as good." Accept no secret nostrum in place of this non-secret remedy. It contains not a drop of alcohol and not a grain of habit-forming or injurious drugs. Is a pure glyceric extract of healing, native American roots.

THE NEW YORK VACUUM CLEANER

"The Cleaner that Cleans"
No Dust or Dirt Escapes its Powerful Double Suction. Most Efficient and Durable. Least Expensive.

These cleaners lighten housework, improve the sanitary condition and cleanliness of the home. Necessary to good housekeeping.

Active agents are making \$30 to \$60 per week and building up a permanent business selling these machines. They sell readily when properly presented.

Hand \$15
Electric \$75
We want an intelligent Agent for this territory
NEW YORK VACUUM CLEANER CO.
Marbridge Building, Broadway and 34th Street. NEW YORK CITY

THIEVES ROB TRAIN

EXPRESS CARS ON ERIE ROAD
LOOTED BETWEEN NEW YORK
AND CHICAGO.

POLICE BAFLED BY MYSTERY

Detectives Fail to Find How Robbers
Entered Sealed Coaches—Officials
Reticent as to Amount of
Booty Secured.

Chicago.—Mysterious robbery of
through fast express train No. 13 on
the Erie railroad while it was running
at top speed between New York and
Chicago last Saturday is being investi-
gated by secret service men of the
Wells-Fargo Express company, which
operates the express service on that
railroad.

The loot, which may reach into the
thousands of dollars, was reported to
the Chicago offices of the company,
but so carefully was the news guard-
ed that no report of the robbery was
made to the police here, the express
company preferring to use its own
men until all clues were exhausted.

The train which was robbed is
made up of nothing but express cars
and carries no passengers. Cars on
the train are sealed in New York and
the seals are not broken until they
reach Chicago. In spite of these pre-
cautions when the train reached this
city it was found that one of the cars
had been broken into and a number of
packages stolen. The contents of
these packages are not known, al-
though the local officials of the ex-
press company declared that no money
was stolen.

In spite of the denials that money
was stolen the first report of the ro-
bbery in Chicago was made to the
money order department of the general
offices here by telephone from the rail-
road station. Detectives in the employ
of the company at once were called in-
to consultation and made hurried ex-
amination of the car which had been
entered.

"We have no idea how the robber
or robbers worked," said H. B. Calkins,
general agent of the company in Chi-
cago, Monday. "The first we knew of
the robbery was when the train
reached here. I cannot say how much
was taken, but I do not think the
packages stolen were of any particu-
lar value. You see, that train doesn't
carry much of great value. It is a
solid through train, made up of express
cars only."

NINE DIE IN INDIAN BATTLE

Redskins Open Fire on Nevada Police
and Kill One—Eight Braves
Are Slain.

Reno, Nev.—In a battle 60 miles
west of Tuscarora Sunday eight In-
dians and one policeman were killed and
the other members of the Indian band
were captured. The battle took place
at Kelly creek, Humboldt county, 25
miles from Golconda, in a northerly
direction.

The Indian band, 12 in number, be-
gan the fight when the state police
force came upon them.

For three hours the battle raged. It
ended only when Ed Hoyle of the state
police force and eight of the Indians
had been killed. Then the remaining
four Indians surrendered.

The police had been trailing the In-
dians for a week, believing they were
the murderers of four stockmen, whose
bodies were found ten days ago in a
desolate canyon on the eastern slopes
of the Sierra Nevada mountains. The
victims' horses had been taken and
ponies which had been ridden by the
murderers were found shot near by,
the outlaws apparently concluding
their own stock too weak to keep up
with them in their flight.

AUSTRALIA TO BAR TRUSTS

Government Announces Determination
to Prevent Foreigners Getting a
Foothold on Industries.

Melbourne, Australia.—Australia
served notice on the business world
that it would not harbor foreign trusts.
The following memorandum was given
to the press Monday by Sir R. W. Best,
minister of trade and customs:

"For several months it has been an
open secret that representatives of
the American meat trust have been
visiting Australia, ostensibly with the
object of extending its operations
here. The government is determined
to take immediate and drastic action
to discourage and, if necessary, to pro-
hibit its operations in Australia. It is
not proposed to wait until the combine
secures vested interests in this coun-
try. The action of the government
will extend to trust operations in Aus-
tralia, whether conducted directly or
indirectly, and will not permit the re-
petition in Australia of the scandals and
merciless methods characterizing mo-
nopolies in other parts of the world.

Name New Treasury Aid.
Washington.—Robert O. Bailey, who
has been private secretary to Sec-
retary of the Treasury MacVeagh since
the latter has been a member of the
cabinet was Monday appointed by
President Taft to be assistant sec-
retary of the treasury.

Ex-Gov. John Lee Carroll Dead.
Washington.—John Lee Carroll,
governor of the state of Maryland
from 1876 to 1880, died Monday at
his home here after a long illness.
He was born in 1830.

\$3.50 RECIPE CURES WEAK KIDNEYS, FREE

RELIEVES URINARY AND KIDNEY
TROUBLES, BACKACHE, STRAIN-
ING, SWELLING, ETC.

Stops Pain in the Bladder, Kidneys
and Back.

Wouldn't it be nice within a week or so
to begin to say goodbye forever to the
sneezing, dribbling, straining, or too fre-
quent passage of urine; the forehead and
the back-of-the-head aches; the stitches
and pains in the back; the growing mus-
cle weakness; spots before the eyes; yel-
low skin; sluggish bowels; swollen eye-
lids or ankles; leg cramps; unnatural
short breath; sleeplessness and the de-
pendency?

I have a recipe for these troubles that
you can depend on, and if you want to
make a QUICK RECOVERY, you ought to
write and get a copy of it. Many a
doctor would charge you \$3.50 just for
writing this prescription, but I have it
and will be glad to send it to you entire-
ly free. Just drop me a line like this:
Dr. A. M. Robinson, K-250 Luck Building,
Detroit, Mich., and I will send it by re-
turn mail in a plain envelope. As you will
see when you get it, this recipe contains
only pure, harmless remedies, but it has
great healing and pain-conquering power.
It will quickly show its power once you
use it, so I think you had better see what
it is without delay. I will send you a
copy free—you can use it and cure your-
self at home.

The Final Settlement.
"A verdict for \$10,000 isn't so bad,"
said the junior partner. "How much
shall we give our client?"
"Oh, give him \$50," answered the
senior partner. "But hold!"
"Well?"
"Don't be hasty. Promise to give
him \$50."

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of
CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for
infants and children, and see that it
bears the
Signature of *Dr. J. C. Williams*
In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Critics.
"Only competent critics can give
competent criticisms," said Admiral
Mahan, at the Immortals' recent recep-
tion in New York. "The ignominy the
critic the ignominy the criticism—even
of the very finest things—that he will
pronounce."

"A man in a bar was praising a fa-
mous American journalist, a justly
famous journalist, a journalist who
gets out a really fine paper."

"Yes," the bartender, agreed, "his
paper is a good one. It picked two win-
ners last week."

Uncle Joe's Check.
Col. Henry Casson, sergeant-at-arms
of the house of representatives, has
the original check given by Speaker
Joseph G. Cannon a few years ago to
a book agent, and about which an in-
teresting story has been told.

An agent visited the speaker and in-
terested him in an elaborate edition of
something which Uncle Joe didn't
want, but bought. When the books
arrived Uncle Joe examined them and
decided at once that something had
been put over on him. When the agent
came for his money the speaker de-
termined to make him indorse a terse
sentiment on books, so he wrote out a
check for \$73, the amount due, and on
the back of it he inscribed:

"Pay to the order of Mr. Blank, in
full payment for an edition which was
not worth a d—, and dear at that
price, but for the ease and grace with
which he put it over your Uncle Joe
it was well worth the money."—Hu-
man Life.

CHILDREN AFFECTED
By Mother's Food and Drink.

Many babies have been launched
into life with constitutions weakened
by disease taken in with their moth-
ers' milk. Mothers cannot be too care-
ful as to the food they use while nurs-
ing their babies.

The experience of a Kansas City
mother is a case in point:

"I was a great coffee drinker from a
child, and thought I could not do with-
out it. But I found at last it was doing
me harm. For years I had been
troubled with dizziness, spots before
my eyes and pain in my heart, to
which was added, two years later, a
chronic sour stomach.

"The baby was born 7 months ago,
and almost from the beginning, it too,
suffered from sour stomach. She was
taking it from me!

"In my distress I consulted a friend
of more experience and she told me
to quit coffee, that coffee did not
make good milk. I have since ascer-
tained that it really dries up the milk.

"So, I quit coffee and tried tea and
at last cocoa. But they did not agree
with me. Then I turned to Postum
with the happiest results. It proved
to be the very thing I needed. It not
only agreed perfectly with baby and
myself, but it increased the flow of
my milk.

"My husband then quit coffee and
used Postum and quickly got well of
the dyspepsia with which he had been
troubled. I no longer suffer from the
dizziness, blind spells, pain in my
heart or sour stomach.

"Now we all drink Postum from my
husband to my seven months' old
baby. It has proved to be the best
hot drink we have ever used. It
would not give up Postum for then
coffee we ever drank." Name,
by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.
Get the little book, "The
Wellville," in pkgs.

"There's a Reason." A new
dime. They
Ever read the above of human
one appears from the
are genuine, true, an
interest.

WESTERN CANADA COUNTING ITS GOLD

THE GRAIN CROP OF 1910 WAS A
GOOD PAYING ONE.

Crop conditions throughout the west
of Canada were not ideal, but notwith-
standing there were excellent crops.
Reports come from different parts to
the agents of the Canadian govern-
ment, whose literature tells a good
part of the story, that the crops in
most places were splendid.

At Castor, Alta., F. Galloway's oat
crop threshed 85 bushels to the acre,
machine measure, and 44 bushels by
weight. Alex Robertson of Dellsie,
Alta., had 20 bushels to the acre on
875 acres. W. & H. Clark, 17 bush-
els to the acre on 77 acres. Sheldon
Ramsey, 20 bushels on 160 acres.
J. Lane threshed 3,500 bushels off 200
acres; J. Hamilton, 5,200 bushels off
264 acres. Mrs. Headley had an av-
erage of 25 bushels per acre on 160
acres. Chambers Bros. got 13,270
bushels off 650 acres.

Fertile Valley district, G. Rollo, had
an average of 25 bushels to the acre
on a total crop of 10,000 bushels. B.
Brown of Pincher Creek had a yield
of 33 bushels on his winter wheat;
W. Walker, Miss Walker and John
Goberts all had an average yield of
25 bushels; Mr. Fitzpatrick, 23, and
Mr. Freebairn, 20. Charles Nelson
of Bon Accord, Alberta, had threshed
his crop of 5,000 bushels of grain,
wheat, oats and barley, from 210
acres of old ground.

Wm. Logan of Bon Accord is re-
ported to have threshed 400 bushels
of wheat from 9 acres of new break-
ing. His oats it is said yielding over
100 bushels to the acre. Robert Mar-
tin of Belbeck, Sask., from 100 acres
got 3,740 bushels of wheat. Geo. A.
Campbell of Caron, Sask., from 130
acres summer fallow got 40 bushels
per acre, and from 50 acres stubble
got 24 bushels per acre. One of the
farmers of Colonsay threshed out 36
bushels of wheat per acre from 150
acres summer fallow, and another 33
bushels per acre. James Glen of
Drinkwater, Sask., had 36½ bushels
per acre; 40 acres summer fallow,
31 bushels per acre; 40 acres stubble,
27 bushels per acre; total, 6,680
bushels off 200 acres. Abe Winters
of Fleming has 39 bushels of wheat
per acre. At Govan, Benjamin Arm-
strong had 33 bushels to the acre.
John Glumlin, 34 bushels. Charles
Latta, 35 bushels. J. K. Taylor, 35
bushels. W. Small, 2,000 bushels on
90 acres. J. F. Moore, 6,500 bushels
on 215 acres. J. MacLean, 1,500 bush-
els on 63 acres. W. Hopwood, 1,750
bushels on 60 acres. W. Gray, 950
bushels on 30 acres. W. Curtin, 850
bushels on 30 acres. John Meyers,
Jr., of Grand Coulee, reports 34½
bushels to the acre. P. P. Epp of
Langham, Sask., has 35 1-3 bushels per
acre. J. J. Thiessen, 31 bushels per
acre. Chris Dear, 25 bushels per
acre from 90 acres. Wm. Thiessen,
18½ bushels from 100 acres. P. P.
Schultz, 18 bushels per acre from 100
acres. Robt. H. Wiggins of Manor,
Sask., had 39 bushels wheat and 75
bushels of oats per acre. Fred Cobb,
30 bushels of wheat and 75 bushels of
oats per acre. Jack Robinson, 39
bushels of wheat per acre. Wm. Kin-
del of Milestone, Sask., had 38 bush-
els of wheat per acre. R. J. Moore,
40 bushels of wheat per acre. Martin
Ruddy, 38 bushels of wheat per acre.
J. D. Sifton of Moose Jaw had 37
bushels wheat per acre; oats, 50 bush-
els per acre; flax, 11 bushels to the
acre. John L. Smith of New Warren
had 35 bushels of wheat per acre. At
Regina H. W. Laird had 35 bushels
to the acre; W. H. Duncan, wheat, 22
bushels to the acre, flax, 16 bushels;
G. M. Bell, wheat, 35 bushels to the
acre, oats, 70 bushels; O. E. Rothwell,
25 bushels to the acre; J. McKinnis,
wheat, 35 bushels summer fallow; 20
bushels stubble; oats, 80 bushels; J.
S. Mooney, 31 bushels of wheat; 60
bushels oats on stubble. At Tessies,
Wm. Nesbitt had 44 bushels wheat to
the acre. Sep. Latrace, 34 bushels.
Thos. Miller, 31 bushels. These were
all on summer fallow. Major Bros.
stubble went 14. At Tuxford, Sask.,
C. B. Dunning had 37 bushels. James
Bain, 41 bushels summer fallow.
Yellow Grass, Wm. Robson, off
half section, had 45 bushels wheat
to the acre, and 40 bushels off and
averaged 37 bushels to the acre.
Steer, off a twenty-acre field, the
half. M. A. Wilkinson, off 160
bushels wheat to the acre. Jas.
whole crop averaged over 40 bushels.
A. R. Cameron's half section D. Mc-
over 36 bushels to the acre. Averaged
Nevan, who has two fa-croper got
about 40 bushels. W. A. 71 acres;
47 bushels to the acre. 40. John
his whole crop went 160 acres.
Murray, 35 per acre off a half
Hockley Bros., 35, per acre of
section. W. Hay N. Dunne, 39 to
the Cathcart Hart, 38 per acre.
the acre. S. S. to the acre. A. B.
T. Murray, the acre. Mayor Tay-
McEwan, the acre.

Advantages.
"I just have found the article
"Yry unpleasant."
circled" replied the article explorer;
"It has its advantages. The cir-
cle is disagreeable, but the people
don't always worrying you about
roofs."

If It's Your Eye Use Pettit's Eye Salve
for inflammation, stye, itching lids, eye
aches, defects of vision and sensitivity to
strong lights. All druggists or Howard
Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

His Light.
Ella—He says that I am the light
of his life.
Stella—That's gas.



NOT UNUSUAL
"I saw a pianist last night who can
play with his toes."
"Umph!—I've got a kid 18 months
old can do that!"

A BOON TO HUMANITY

If the Curative Virtue of Resinol Was
Generally Known It Would Be
Used Exclusively for the Cure
of All Skin Diseases.

A grateful user writes from England
as follows: "Please accept my heart-
felt thanks for bringing out Resinol
Ointment. Having been a sufferer for
the past four years from that dreadful
disease, weeping Eczema, I can now
heartily recommend this great rem-
edy for it has cured me as nothing
else could. My condition was most
distressing; nearly everything I ate
made me worse. Since I was advised
to use Resinol I have gained a new
life, so to say. Surely there are thou-
sands of suffering people who ought
to know of Resinol Ointment and
Soap. I certainly recommend every-
body to keep a jar of this salve at
hand. Gratefully yours, Leo Carter,
Rutland Hall." Resinol is a skillfully
made ointment with almost magical
healing and soothing qualities. It is
universally recommended for the re-
lief and cure of Eczema, Herpes,
Tinea, Barber's Itch, Acne, Eruption
from Poison Ivy, Burns, Sores and
abrasions of the skin of any kind.
Itching Piles and other distressing
irritations are relieved instantly by
applying this salve. Resinol Ointment
is sold by druggists everywhere. Res-
inol Chemical Co., Baltimore, Md.

One Happy Condition.
"Wireless is a wonderful thing, isn't
it? It's going to take the place of
everything—telegraph, telephone,
thought transference—why, they even
transmit newspaper photographs that
way."
"Yes, but there's one thing they'll
never do with wireless."
"What's that?"
"Wire-pulling."

DISTEMPER
In all its forms among all ages of horses,
as well as dogs, cured and others in same
stable prevented from having the disease
with SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE.
Every bottle guaranteed. Over 600,000
bottles sold last year \$5.00 and \$1.00. Any
good druggist, or send to manufacturers.
Agents wanted. Spohn Medical Co., Spec.
Contagious Diseases, Goshen, Ind.

Latest Quotations.
"How would you like a game picture
for your dining room? A brace of can-
vasbacks, say?"
"No cheap stuff for me. Paint me
a picture of a dozen eggs."

The Chicago Fire could have been pre-
vented with one pail of water, but the
water was not handy. Keep a bottle of
Hamlin Wizard Oil handy and prevent
the fiery pains of inflammation.

And many a man never realizes the
value of his home until he has occa-
sion to collect the fire insurance.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Child-
teething, softens the gums, reduces inflam-
mation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a
bottle.

It is sweet to feel by what you
threads our affections are
gathered.—Sterne.

ONLY ONE "BRO." "ONLINE."
"LINE." Used the world
signature of E. W. W. 25c.
over to Cure a Cold in 10
days.

Peace with a thing.
men is an

Garfield take a cup before retiring.
Others in glass houses should
be out of politics.

IF YOU HAVE A SICKLY YOUNGSTER TRY THIS FREE

The family with young children that is
without sickness in the house now and
then is rare, and so it is important that
the head of the house should know what
to do in the little emergencies that arise.
A child with a serious ailment needs a
doctor, it is true, but in the majority of
instances, as any doctor knows, the child
suffers from some intestinal trouble,
usually constipation.
There is no sense in giving it a pill or
a remedy containing an opiate, nor is
flushing of the bowels to be always re-
commended. Rather give it a small dose
of a mild, gentle laxative tonic like Dr.
Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, which, by clean-
ing out the bowels and strengthening the

Spring Medicine

Is
Needed Now, and the Best Is
Hood's Sarsaparilla

Which purifies, enriches and revitalizes the blood as no
other does. 40,366 testimonials of cures, in two years.
Get it in usual liquid form or tablets called Sarsatabs.

Impure Blood is common in the
spring, because of the unhealthy
modes of living during the winter,
and it is the cause of the loss of
appetite and that tired feeling as
well as the sores and eruptions that
occur at this time.
Be sure to take Hood's this spring.

Roots, Barks and Herbs—Hood's
Sarsaparilla so combines the great
curative principles of roots, barks and
herbs as to raise them to their high-
est efficiency for the cure of all spring
humors, all blood diseases, and run-
down conditions.
There is no substitute for Hood's.

Miss Bangs and Miss Whiton's School for Girls

WITHIN EASY ACCESS of all parts of the city, and of the great libraries
and museums. Opportunity given for attendance at public entertainments of
educational and artistic value.

THOROUGH AND CONSERVATIVE TRAINING, moral, intellectual and
physical, with expert supervision in every department, thus insuring definite
and certain results.

ACADEMY LARGE, each teacher a specialist; and pupils assured the individual
attention adapted to their respective needs.

PRIMARY, PREPARATORY AND ACADEMIC DEPARTMENTS; also a
unique department known as the UPPER HOUSE, for graduates and special
students desiring to spend the winter in New York in a congenial social at-
mosphere, under the most favorable conditions for culture of social graces and for
intellectual advancement. THE UPPER HOUSE is in a large degree free from
the ordinary restrictions of a school.

BEST ADVANTAGES of New York available for the study of Music, Art,
Education, Languages and Dancing.

PHYSICAL EXERCISES. Special attention given with the object of promot-
ing health, grace and ease of motion and repose of manner. The gymnastic ex-
ercises are in charge of a graduate of Dr. Sargent, of Cambridge, Mass. SUM-
MER CAMP in New Hampshire.

THE SUCCESS OF THE SCHOOL has been so pronounced that it has re-
ceived the highest commendation of the leading educators of the country, as
well as of the highest officials of the U. S. Government; Miss Bangs and Mi-
ss Whiton refer by permission to the presidents of ten colleges and universi-
ties and to President and Mrs. Taft, Ex-Vice-President and Mrs. Fairbanks,
President and Mrs. Roosevelt, and the Chief Justice.

Go to the Northwest This Spring

Decide now to go out in the where
west where there is room for the big
the climate is healthful, and making
crops of wheat, grain and fruit.
people prosperous and in Minnesota, the
The cheap, logged-off land, millions of
fertile prairies of North Dakota and
acres of Free Homesteads in the valleys of
Oregon, and the rich, timbered slopes of
Washington and British Columbia. Go this spring. Take
and brawn to develop northern's onway
advantage of the

Special Jonist Fares

Daily,ington, Oregon and British Columbia, good
Idaho, Acquiring Cars on payment of berth fare. Easy
for stop-over and return to North Dakota and many points in Montana,
March 14-21, and April 14-21, 1911.

Daily Tourist Sleeping Car

Chicago, St. Paul and Minneapolis to Pacific Coast.
Chicago, either upholstered, equipped with all conveniences so
electric light-gear their own meals. Send for free booklet on the state
passengers are interested. Write to me for full in-
formation about fares from your town.

E. C. LEEDY
Gen'l Immigration Agt.
St. Paul, Minn.

C. W. PITTS
General Agent
220 S. Clark St.
Chicago, Ill.

DISTEMPER in COLTS

Positively Cured, if you use FRAZIER'S DISTEMPER CURE.
Influenza, Pink-Eye, Catarrhal Fever, Coughs and Colds, cured
in 4 to 8 days. One dose acts as a preventive. One bottle
guaranteed Cure or your money refunded. \$1.00 bottle
three 50 ct. bottles. Send postal for free horse booklet. Sold by
all druggists or prepaid from

BINKLEY MEDICAL CO., Dept. A, NAPPANEE, IND.

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone
Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, In-
flamed Ulcers, Morbid Ulcers, White Swelling,
Milky Leg, Fever Sores, All kinds sores. Positively
cured. By mail, J. F. ALLEN, Dept. A, St. Paul, Minn.

SPENDER BROS. Makers Peoria, Ill.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM

Gleens and beautifies the hair.
Promotes a luxuriant growth.
Never fails to restore Gray
Hair to its youthful color.
Cures scalp diseases & hair falling
25c and \$1.00 at Druggists.

If afflicted with
sore eyes, use
Thompson's Eye Water

W. N. U., CHICAGO, NO. 9-1911.

5c

CHew AND SMOKE

MAILPOUCH

TOBACCO

Once Try, Always Buy

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without fading apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. **MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.**

RURAL NEWS ITEMS

MILLBURN

Mrs. A. K. Bain who has been sick is convalescing.

Mrs. Mary Bater is quite ill with neuralgia.

Mr. Hueston of Iowa is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Dawson.

Mrs. John Bonner visited her sister, Mrs. L. M. Bonner, at Russell.

The lecture by James S. Ainslie that was postponed, will be given March 14.

H. D. Hughes and daughter, Mabel, of Gurnee, were callers in this vicinity Saturday.

The ladies mission meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Geo. Jamison, Friday, March 3.

Mrs. Clarence Bonner, who has been a guest of her sister, Mrs. A. K. Bain, has returned to her home at Edgewater.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Thom and sons have gone to Peoria to attend the wedding of Mrs. Thom's brother, Ralph, Jr.

LOON LAKE

weage moved to Grayslake last

Loon has moved his family to

the past Dixon has been very ill

Mrs. John

arrations to be is making prep-

Chicago.

The young

S. Message died Mr. and Mrs. H.

Friday last.

Miss Mabel R.

is spending the

week with Mrs. J. Bryen.

Frank McCarthy

Hickory and Wadaw friends at

Sunday.

Miss Mabel Turner

Loon Lake and Antioch friends at

week.

Mrs. S. H. O'Brien

spent Friday with Mrs. John,

Miss Lillian Turner is visiting

home of Misses Georgia and

Hook.

Misses Susie Cangi and Anna Lar-

son visited with Miss Ella Larson Sat-

urday.

Mrs. J. M. Hucer is spending the

week with her daughter, Mrs. H. S.

Message.

Has Millions of Friends

How would you like to number your friends by millions as Bucklen's Arnica Salve does? Its astounding cures in the past forty years made them. Its the best salve in the world for sores, ulcers, eczema, burns, boils, scalds, cuts, corns, sore eyes, sprains, swellings, bruises, colic sores. Has no equal for piles. 25c at J. H. Swan's.

RUSSELL

T. D. Newell was a Chicago caller on Sunday.

G. P. McNamara was a Kenosha caller Friday.

T. Lyman Newell is spending the week with relatives at Zion City.

Miss Sara Browe will entertain the Ladies Aid Society Thursday, March 2.

Several of our business men attended the cement show in Chicago last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Fenlon are rejoicing over the arrival of a baby boy, born February 21st.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Murrie visited at the home of Alex. Murrie in Waukegan Wednesday.

William Murray attended the funeral of his brother, Sherman, held at Kenosha on Friday.

The Oak Dale Cemetery society was entertained at the home of Mrs. Dexter Ferry on Thursday.

Miss Clara Effinger and lady friend of Waukegan, are visiting at the home of Mrs. E. P. Sivar.

James Little and family returned to their home on Saturday after spending the winter in northern Wisconsin.

The ladies of the Russell church will give a chicken pie supper in the church March 17. All are invited to attend.

Attacks School Principal

A severe attack on school principal Chas. B. Allen, of Sylvania, Ga., is thus told by him. "For more than three years," he writes, "I suffered in describable torture from rheumatism, liver and stomach trouble and diseased kidneys. All remedies failed until I used Electric Bitters, but four bottles of this wonderful remedy cured me completely." Such results are common. Thousands bless them for curing stomach trouble, female complaints, kidney disorders, biliousness, and for new health and vigor. Try them. Only 50c at J. H. Swan's.

Another Phase of the Problem.

"Doubtless the servant girl problem very annoying to you." "Very," responded the housewife. "I am a really desperate time getting my clothes won't fit."

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH Dr. King's New Discovery

FOR COUGHS, COLDS, AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES.

PRICE 50c & \$1.00. Trial Bottle Free.

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ANTIOCH, ILL.

BASED ON FALLACY

Arguments For Deep Waterway Easy to Controvert.

IT IS A POLITICAL SCHEME

Steamers From Lakes and Ocean Could Not Navigate Mississippi River Even If Improved as Suggested—Existing Facilities Neglected.

By HOWARD H. GROSS.

There are so many angles to this deep waterway question that it is impossible to consider them all except in an article of tiresome length. The people were beguiled into voting \$20,000,000 for this waterway project which was hastily and adroitly sprung upon them. It is hard to find a single argument put forth by the advocates for the channel that does not rest upon fallacy instead of fact.

The thought was to build a deep waterway so lake and ocean steamers might pass from the lakes to the gulf and make Chicago and St. Louis and other channel cities seaports. It was urged that Montreal, a thousand miles inland, was a seaport, and if Montreal, why not Chicago? The promoters failed to remember, or at least did not state, that Montreal is substantially at the sea level with a broad, deep river of nearly uniform flow through a rocky channel, with practically a straight line to the sea; while the Mississippi is exceedingly crooked, an ever-changing stream with a variation of over 40 feet between high and low water, one month a raging torrent sweeping all before it, and later eddying over sand bars in a newly-formed channel in an adjoining township. The currents of the Mississippi are strong, often running from two and a half to five miles at high water. During such times millions of tons of earth and sand, carrying trees and brush wood, are undermined and fall into this swirling torrent and are borne along, finding lodgment here and there and forming islands and sand bars where previously deep water had been. The Mississippi is as crooked as a ram's horn. At places it meanders 15 or 20 miles and then comes back within three or four miles of a given place.

Big Boats Couldn't Use It. If the river had a channel of ample depth, boats of the lake and ocean type could not use it. Deep water steamers have great speed on a straightway course, but when it comes to making sharp turns, which are necessary in a crooked channel, with a strong current flowing and possibly high winds, they would be absolutely helpless and unmanageable. Every one who is at all familiar with navigation knows this is true.

If the proposed lakes to the gulf waterway were built, even 30 feet deep, no steamship company operating on the great lakes or ocean would attempt to navigate the channel. The hazard is too great. The matter has been put up to several of them and they all agree that it is not practical and they would not risk their valuable boats in such uncertain and dangerous navigation. If a boat of this type were to run aground, going downstream, it would be unable to release. To keep in the channel boats and type would require tugs fore would hence the expense alone expensive transportation far more type of boat, railway rates. This side above was a very large broad-pressure. A strong wind to wind would drive it across channel gale

When these objections were presented to a leading we were pre- cate, he replied that of convy advo- engineers would take the kh the en- the river by making cut-offs but of there and would straighten and on the channel as well. He ap- ently did not know this would mat- ters even worse instead of better. Shortening and straightening the channel would increase the fall and the water would run like a mill-race. When this was suggested he de- stepped again and said a few days might be necessary so as to have more or less slack-water sailing. How dams are to be built on the Missis- sippi river, where the only solid foundation is overlaid with 40 to 100 feet of mud and ooze, did not occur to him. Mark Twain was entirely right when he said the only way to success- fully dam the Mississippi river was by word of mouth.

The statement that if a deep water- way were built it never would or could be used by boats engaged in lake and ocean traffic is a fact that cannot be controverted, avoided or explained away. Why, then, spend millions to create a type of waterway that is not needed and which could not be used in the manner intended? If a 14-foot channel is needed in order to reach salt water, why not use the one that has existed for a generation, but which is practically unused, namely by way of the great lakes, the Wel- land canal and St. Lawrence river?

The railroads and allied interests control the terminals and the termi- nals control the business. Is there anyone so simple as to believe that if the waterway were improved as contemplated, and it became a factor in the problem, the railroads would not furnish the boats and monopolize the shipping through the control of terminals? Trust the railways to lock to this. The people should awake.

Not Plymouth Rocks.

Concerning the age of eggs, there is likely to be much dispute. Very often it seems as if the only trustworthy au- thority must be the hen herself. If all raisers of chickens, however, were as frank as a certain man, householders would have little of which to complain. One Saturday one of his customers asked him if she might have a dozen eggs within the next two or three days.

"Oh, yes, ma'am," replied John. "I'll bring you a dozen fresh ones" tomor- row morning."

"No," protested the housewife, "I should not want you to bring them on Sunday—not on Sunday, John."

"Well," replied John, "all right, ma'am, if you say so, but it doesn't make any difference to the hens."—Tit-Bits.

Clock Keeps Perfect Time.

The most accurate timekeeper in the world is said to be the electric clock in the basement of the Berlin observatory. It is inclosed in an air-tight glass cylinder, and has frequent- ly run for periods of two or three months with an average daily deviation of only fifteen one-thousandths of a second. Yet astronomers are not satisfied even with this, and efforts are continually being made to secure ideal conditions for a clock by keep- ing it not only in an air-tight case, but in an underground vault where changes neither of temperature nor of barometric pressure shall ever affect it.—Harper's Weekly.

Generosity of a Famous Actor.

Quin has hardly had justice ren- dered to his good works. How refined was the manner in which he forced upon penniless Thomson a hundred pounds! It was a debt, he said, which he owed the poet for the pleasure he had experienced in reading his poems.

What generous humor in his reply to half-starved Winston, who timidly asked, under the impulse of hunger, what he should do for a little ready money for the next few days. "Nay," exclaimed Quin, "if you are in want of money, you must put your hand in your own pocket!" And when Wina- son did so, after Quin had left, he found a ten-pound note, which Quin had placed there.—From "Saluts of the Stage," in Cornhill Magazine.

Advance of Colored Race.

Since emancipation the negro's knowledge of reading and writing has increased by 55 per cent.

Kentucky the Tobacco State.

Kentucky produces more tobacco than any other state in the Union.

NIETZSCHE'S VIEW OF WOMAN

Everything in Her is a Riddle, and She is Man's Most Dangerous Plaything.

Nietzsche, the German philosopher, has little to say of women. In his philosophy there is to be no over- woman. "Everything in woman is a riddle," he says. And again, "The true man wants two different things—danger and diversion. He therefore wants a woman as the most dangerous plaything." In his Wagner book, he puts women in a strange category. "In the theater," he declares, "one be- comes mob, herd, woman, Pharisee, voting animal, patron, idiot, Wagner- fan." "As yet," he says, in Zarathus- tra, "women are incapable of friend- ship."

"In a woman's love," Nietzsche says, "there is unfairness and blind- ness to all she does not love. And even in woman's enlightened love there are still outbreaks and light- nings." In his Wagner essay he says: "Woman would like to believe that love can do all. It is a superstition peculiar to herself. Alas! he who knows the heart finds out how poor, helpless, pretentious and liable to er- ror even the best, the deepest love is; how it rather destroys that saves."—Forum.

The Ignoble George IV.

Then there was the precious regent. What a creature! Good men and bad men unite in saying that he was abso- lutely without a virtue; the shrewd, calculating Greyville described him in words that burn; the great duke, his chief subject, uses language of dry scorn. "The king could only act the part of a gentleman for ten minutes at a time," and we find the common- est satellites of the court despised the wicked fribble who wore the crown of England. Faithless to women, faith- less to men, a coward, a liar, a mean and groveling cheat, George IV. never- theless clung to a belief in his own virtues; and, if we study the account of his farcical progress through Scot- land, we find that he imagined himself to be a useful and genuinely kingly personage. No man, except, perhaps, Philippe Egalite, was ever so contem- nued and hated; and until his death he imagined himself to be a good man.—Runciman, "Sidelights."

Schumann's Tribute to Schubert.

It will be years, perhaps, before the symphony is firmly established in Ger- man, but there is no danger that it will be forgotten or neglected; it bears in itself the germ of eternal youth.

Immolation to the Dead.

It was an ancient America that im- molation to the dead was carried to its greatest extent. "In Mexico every great man's chaplain was slain that he might perform for him the relig- ious ceremonies in the next life as in this." Among the Indians of Vera Paz, when a lord was dying they immedi- ately killed as many slaves as he had, that they might precede him and pre- pare the house for their master. By the Mexicans the number of the vic- tims was proportioned to the grandeur of the funeral, and amounted some- times, as several historians affirm, to two hundred. In Peru, when an Inca died his attendants and favorites, amounting sometimes, it is said, to a thousand, were immolated on his tomb."

Worth More Than Gold.

Carlyle once told a man who was financially interested in gold mining that all the gold produced by Cal- ifornia was not worth one good mealy bean, and Carlyle is not the only one who says so—there are others, for nothing is better and more substantial than a piping hot dish of good old pork and beans, moreover! In these frost-covered, crummy mornings, a man might live on beans, and enjoy life, if he has desire and stick-to-ve- ness, that element which is the founda- tion of all success, but no! He will wobble and vacillate between baled spinach and other costly foods, none of which hold a candle to beans when it comes to a show-down for sustain- ing quality.

How Carlyle Kept Warm.

Sir Francis Galton met Carlyle twice. On the first occasion, he says, Carlyle surprised him by his "unex- pectedly courteous, even polished, manner; but he became more like his ordinary self later on. On the second occasion he seemed to me the great- est bore that a country house could tolerate." But Carlyle amused him by gravely hopping up and down in order to keep warm. Galton was the only man who ever got Herbert Spen- cer to the Derby. Spencer said that the crowd of men on the grass looked like flies on a plate and that the Derby was just like what he expected it to be.

Use for Egg Shells.

Egg shells, instead of being thrown away, should be dried in the oven and kept for cleaning bottles.

Needs It In His Business.

A liar should have a good memory. —Quintilian.

Lyon & Healy's Annual Clearing Sale of PIANOS

The Season's Greatest Piano Event

Something to Interest Every Purchaser



this advertisement is little more than an index. the present offering.

In order to take good care of the hundreds who will avail themselves of this remarkable opportunity we have an especially effective corps of piano salesmen. Come in the morning if you can—it is less crowded then—but at whatever hour you come you will find us ready to enter into the spirit of our quest and to aid you in making a splendid selection.

Steinway Pianos

Each \$365 upwards. This col- lectible includes some very fine WAY instruments. A STEIN- way piano which has been rented its very period is often only at this sale. Then there are in which have EINWAY Uprights, for Grand to taken in exchange have been us. Some of these both Grand and a trifle. In offer a number of rights we also that have had col. STEINWAYS which have been prable use, but first-class order in (n absolutely and which are guarwn factory the same as new. Exactly

Special New Pianos

We offer an unusual op- portunity in a surplus stock of new phany attractive styles at a discou- about one-third. Anyone desir- ing a durable Piano, somewhat bet- ter than the usual commercial grade should secure one from this lot. Prices range from \$125 to \$165. The able price of \$390. Terms, \$10 per month, may be ad if desired.

Terms—We are prepared to meet all this matter and we can arrasonable ideas in regard to terms. Let us know your wishes in livery vans, so pianos can be delivered the payments to suit you. We have a large force of automobile de- that they are bought, if so desired.

Lyon & Healy, Wash Ave. and Adams St.
(119) C H A G O

Lyon & Healy Pianos

The new scale LYON & HEALY PIANO at its regular established price of \$350 and upwards, is gen- erally conceded to be the most re- markable piano value of the present day. So the few slightly-used LYON & HEALY PIANOS which have been returned from rental are extraordinary bargains. Prices range from \$290 upwards.

Player Pianos

Beginning with good Cabinet Players, which we have marked down to \$50, and extending through the medium-priced Player Pianos up to the very best, we offer a number of extraordinary values. An extraor- dinary opportunity is offered in a straight 88-note Player Piano of standard manufacture at the re- markable price of \$390. Terms, \$10 per month, may be ad if desired.

Krakaner Pianos

From \$265 upwards. These beau- tiful instruments and other splendid well-known makes are represented in this sale by slightly-used instru- ments, and of the other makes there are also entirely new instruments of patterns which differ slightly from the forthcoming catalog designs. Many beautiful models are shown both in Mahogany and the new shade of Oak.

Second-Hand Pianos

Hundreds of Uprights taken in ex- change during the holiday rush are now coming thru our factory after having been placed in first-class condition. Defective parts have been replaced by new material and the cases of the instruments have been polished so that their former owners would hardly recognize them. For \$100 you can obtain an instru- ment of this description which will give years of good, honest service.